

Illuminating *Phaeodactylum tricornutum* Cell Biology with a Genetically Encodable Tag for Electron Microscopy and Subcellular Proteomics



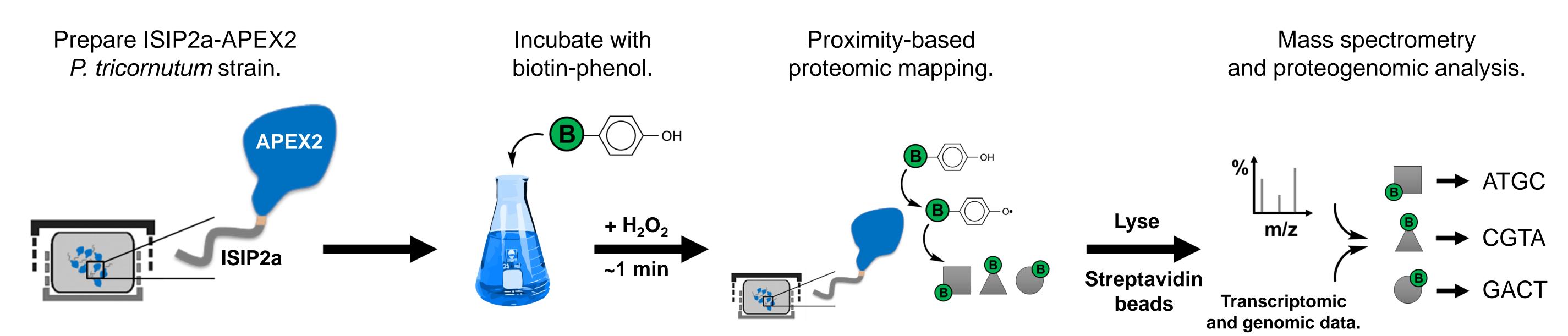




1. Background

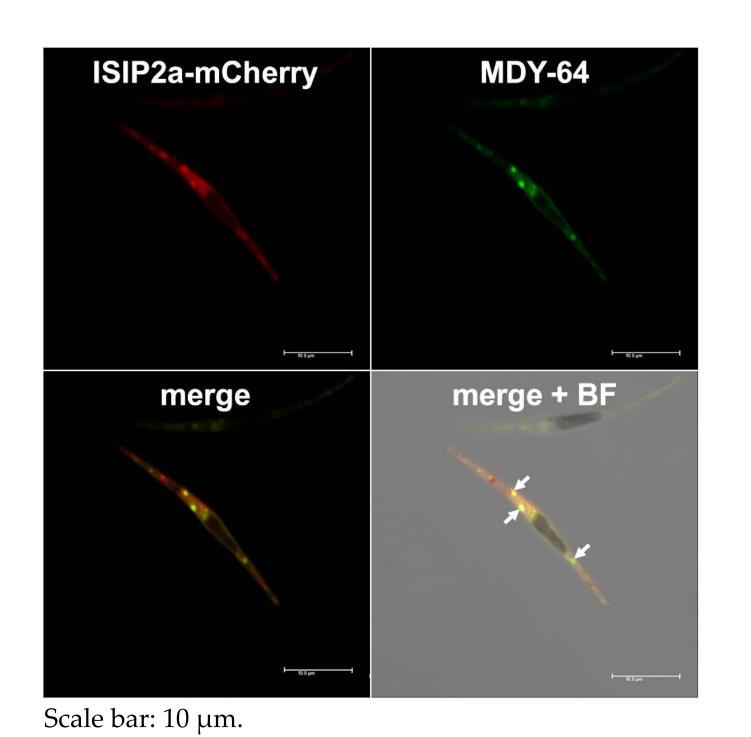
Iron plays a crucial role in many key enzymes linked to photosynthesis, respiration and nitrogen fixation. Iron availability limits primary productivity in ~30% of the modern oceans. Our laboratory has identified phytotransferrins as a new group of high affinity ferric iron-binding proteins widespread among marine microeukaryotes. Phytotransferrin ISIP2a from a model diatom *Phaeodactylum tricornutum* internalizes ferric iron via endocytosis, but the molecular details behind ion liberation, chemical speciation and intracellular allocation remain elusive.

2. Approach

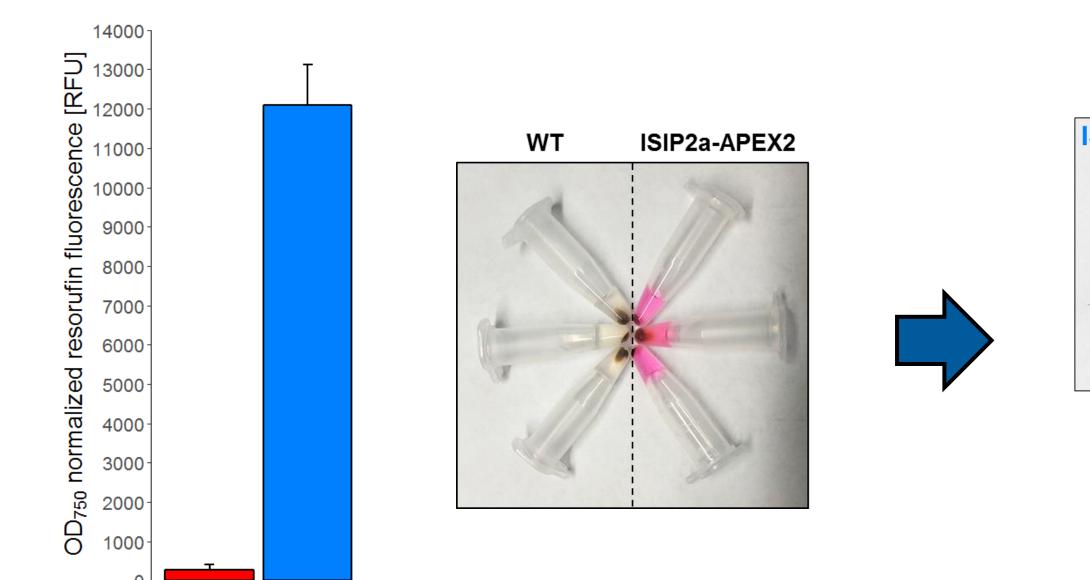


3. Results

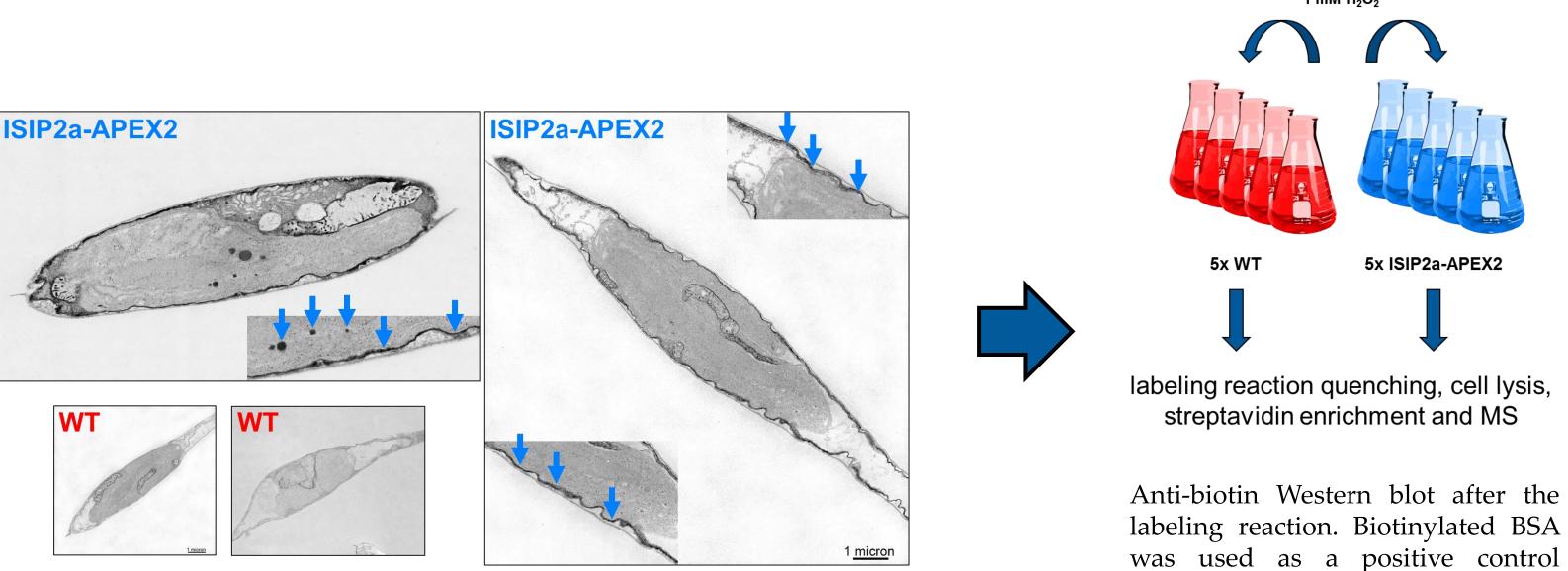
3.1 ISIP2a-mCherry colocalization with MDY-64 (membrane stain) further supports ISIP2a endocytosis model.



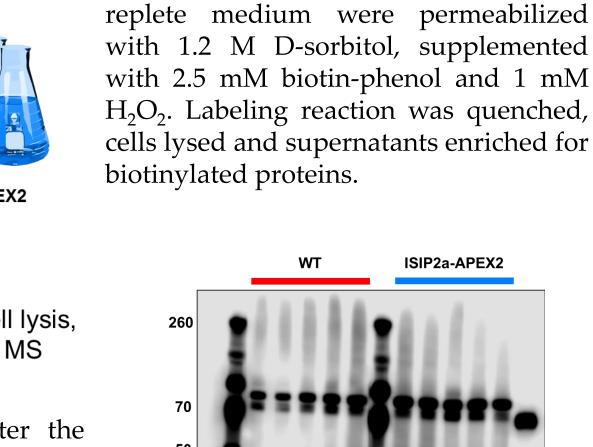
3.2 Confirming *in vivo* peroxidase activity of APEX2 with Amplex UltraRed assay.



3.3 Visualizing ISIP2a-APEX2 using transmission electron microscopy (TEM).



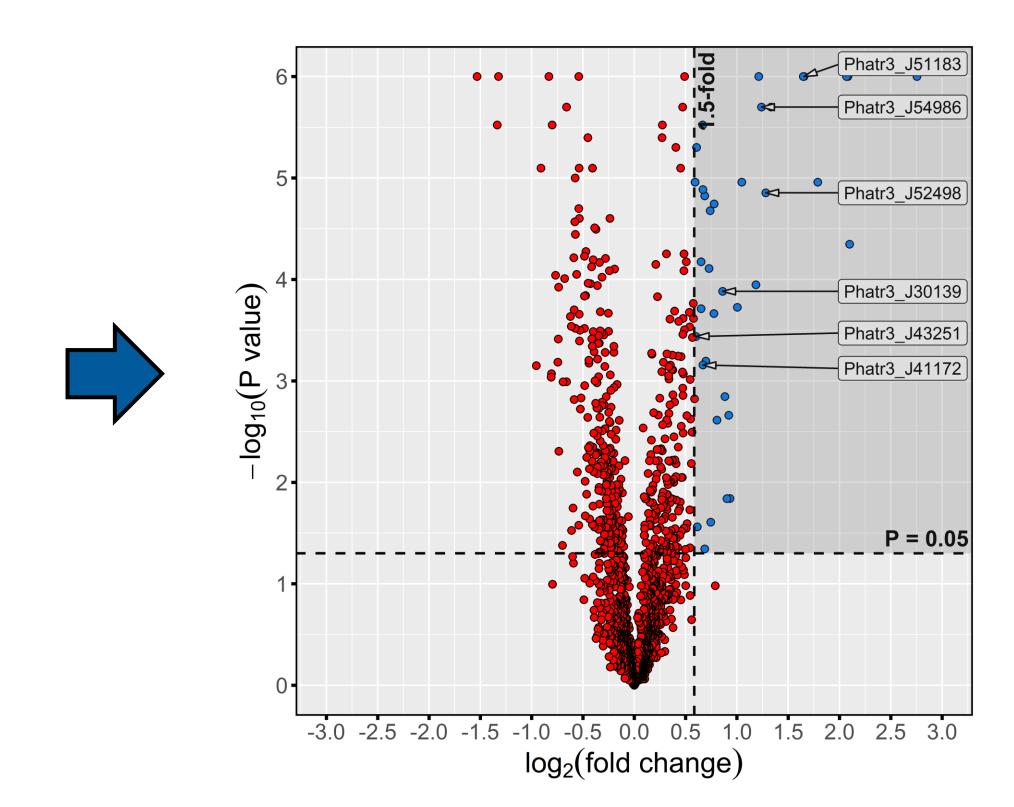
3.4 Subcellular proteomic experiment summary.



Wild type (WT) and ISIP2a-APEX2

cultures grown in quintuplicates in iron-

3.5 Identification of putative ISIP2a interactors and vicinal proteins.



Gene ID	Annotation and prediction	RNA-Seq trend	Comment
Phatr3_J54986	cell surface protein	LoFeUP	ISIP2a is a cell surface receptor protein
Phatr3_J52498	cell surface protein	LoFeUP	ISIP2a is a cell surface receptor protein
Phatr3_J51183	CREG1	LoFeUP	known excreted protein
Phatr3_J30139	Sec4	LoFeUP	secretory Rab GTPase
Phatr3_J41172	calreticulin	/	multifunctional Ca ²⁺ storage protein
Phatr3_J43251	Arf1 GTPase	LiUP	phospholipase D activator

Tandem Mass Tag (TMT) proteomic data revealed 38 candidate proteins interacting with or vicinal to ISIP2a. 6 of them will be co-localized with ISIP2a and used in co-immunoprecipitation experiments. LiUP: upregulated in light, LoFeUP: upregulated at low Fe (20 or 40 pM Fe').

4. Next steps

• **His tag pull-downs** and mass spectrometry for additional cross-validation and identification of tightly interacting proteins.

Scale bar: 1 µm.

• Co-localization and co-immunoprecipitation studies.

5. Conclusions & Vision

We have implemented APEX2, a genetically encodable ascorbate peroxidase, in *Phaeodactylum tricornutum*, to promote high resolution protein imaging and cataloging of biological pathway-specific proteomes. This work represents the first application of APEX2 technology in a photosynthetic host. We envision it will allow us to dissect a range of outstanding cell biology questions in *Phaeodactylum tricornutum* and other diatoms as they relate to their prominent role in global biogeochemical cycles, unique evolutionary history, and biotechnological potential.

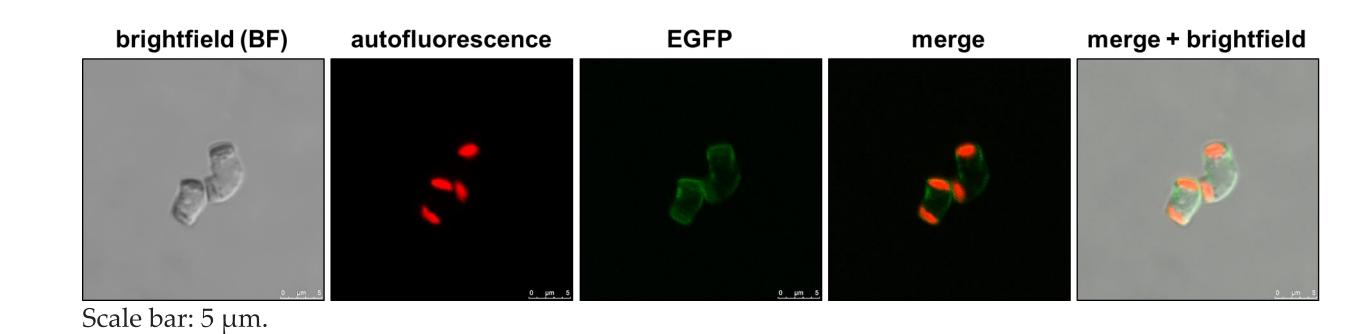
Funding

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6. Future applications of APEX2 in diatoms

Proteomic characterization of silica deposition vesicles.

(rightmost lane).



Silicified cell walls with nanosized features are a hallmark of diatom biology. Biosilica morphogenesis proceeds inside a silica deposition vesicle (SDV). A revisited conjugation protocol was used to localize a known SDV-associated protein in *Thalassiosira pseudonana*—biomineralization model diatom species. Proximity proteomic labeling from such proteins will allow us to further characterize this elusive eukaryotic compartment.

7. References

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Alimations