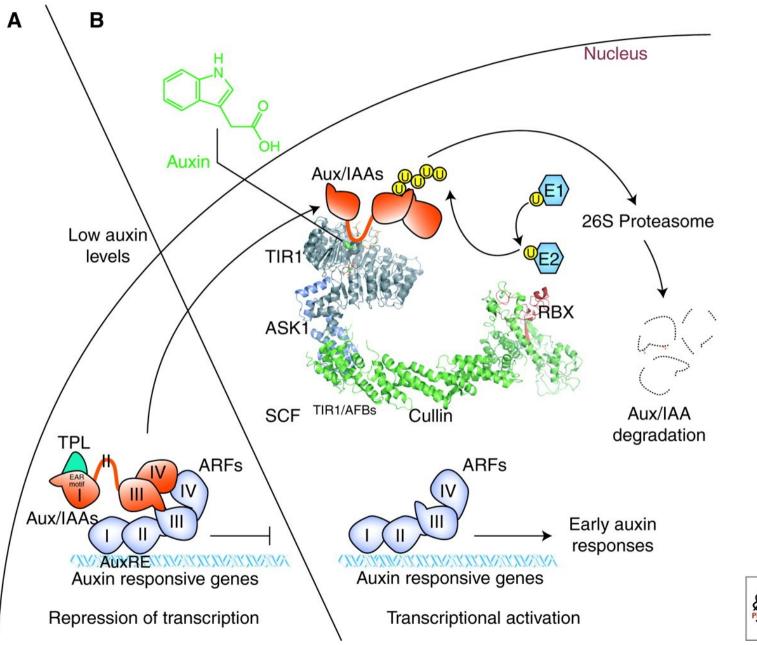
# Molekulare Mechanismen der Signaltransduktion



13 – experimental approaches and current research topics in auxin biology http://tinyurl.com/Modul-MMS

### auxin signal transduction model



# simple and short signal transduction



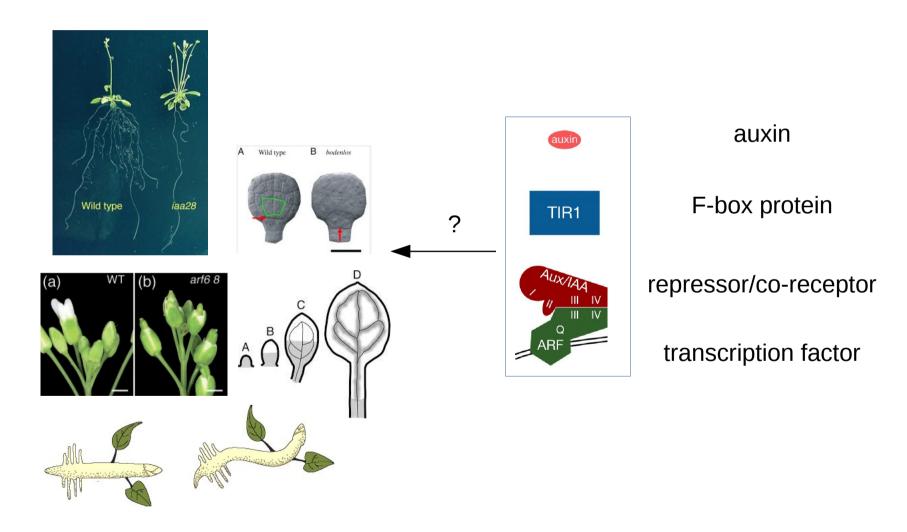
auxin

F-box protein

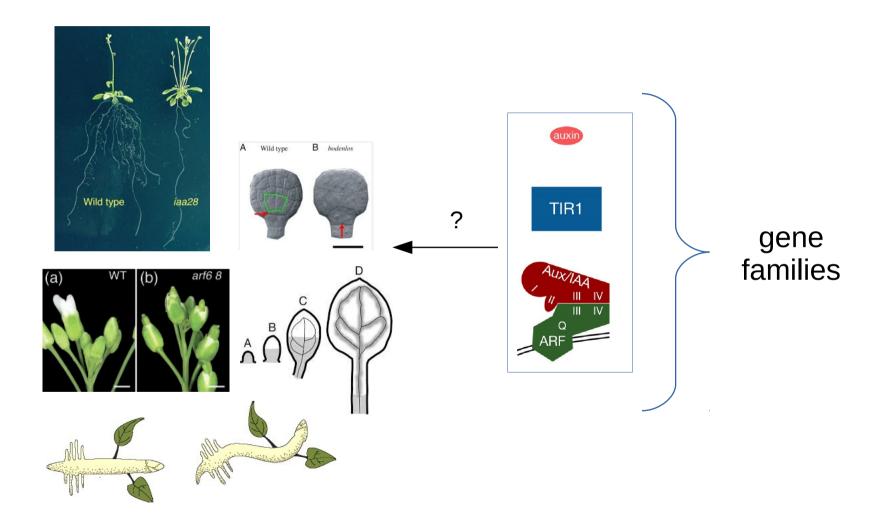
repressor/co-receptor

transcription factor

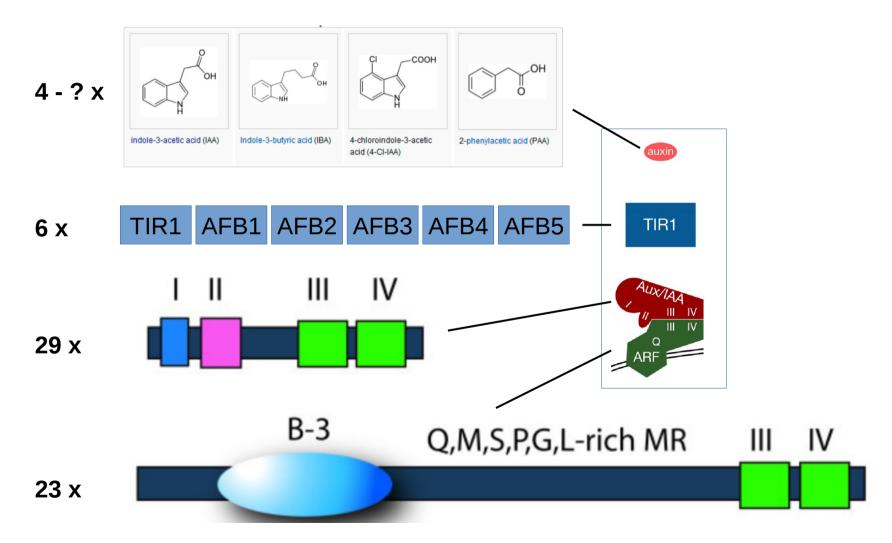
1. how does this simple signal transduction pathway allow the differential activation of diverse set of responses?

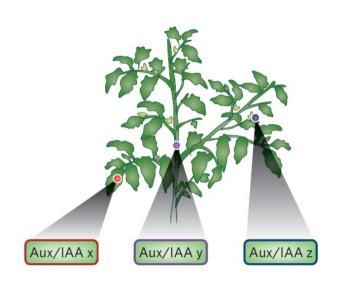


1. how does this simple signal transduction pathway allow the differential activation of diverse set of responses?



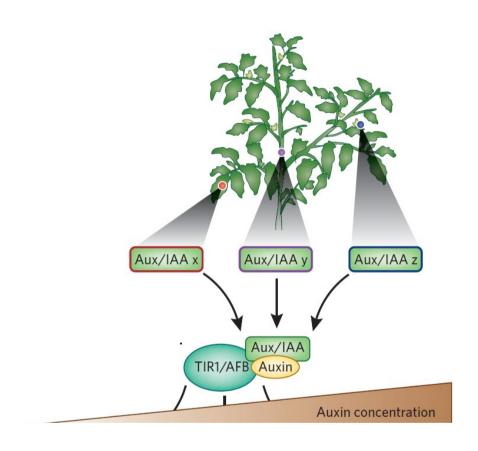
1. how does this simple signal transduction pathway allow the differential activation of diverse set of responses?





Hypothesis:

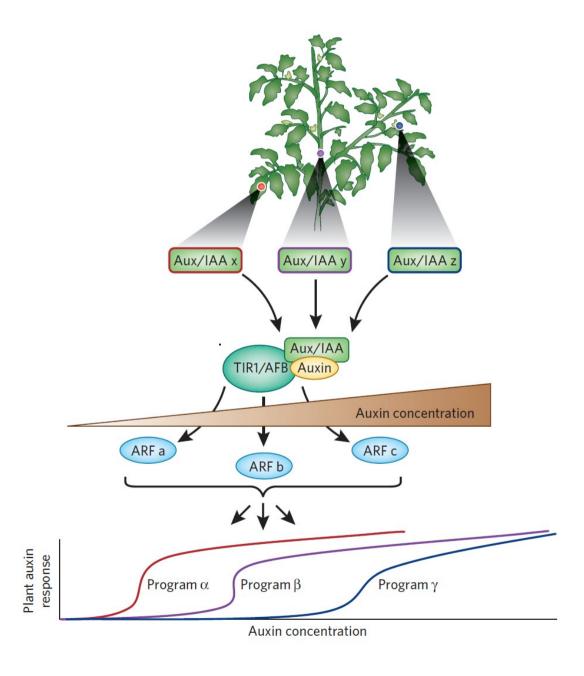
differential expression of *Aux/IAA* genes (spatio-temporal)



Hypothesis:

differential expression of *Aux/IAA* genes (spatio-temporal)

different combinations of TIR1/AFBs and Aux/IAAs have differential auxin-sensing capacities



Hypothesis:

differential expression of *Aux/IAA* genes (spatio-temporal)

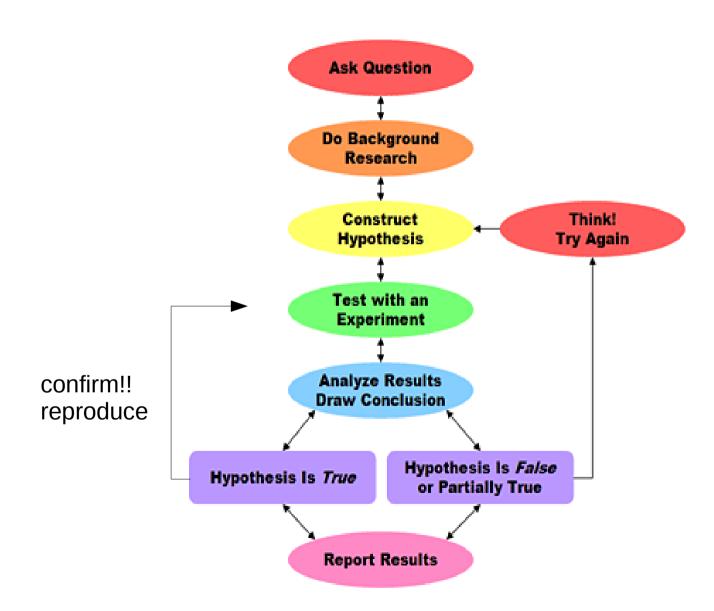
different combinations of TIR1/AFBs and Aux/IAAs have differential auxin-sensing capacities

differential presence of ARFs trigger specific downstream responses

### examples of current research topics

- TIR1 / AFBs
  - auxin binding properties
  - redundant /specific co-receptor properties of TIR1/ARF AUX/IAA pairs
- structural properties of AUX/IAAs
  - · domain structures
  - functions of domain I and linker sequences
  - · identification of ubiquitination sites
  - redundant /specific interaction with ARFs
- (structural) properties of ARFs
  - domain structures
  - AUXRE specificities
  - · identification of target genes
  - · interaction with other transcription factors
  - redundant /specific interaction with ARFs
- characterization of other F-box protein functions
  - · identification of biological context
  - · identification of trargets
  - · identification of putative ligands

### general concepts of experimental design



also: proper documentation!!!! notes need to enable reproduction of experiment later

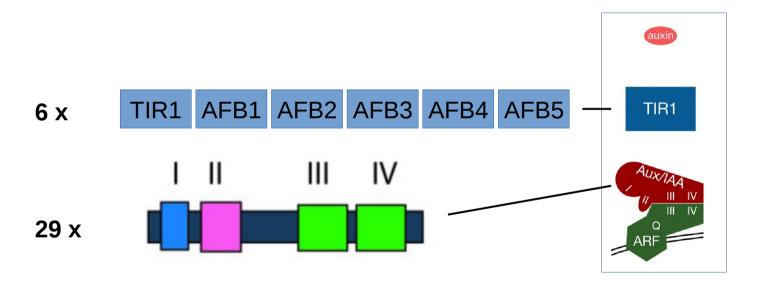
### general concepts of experimental design

- think about variables that can affect the experiment
  - factors that can be controlled
  - factors that cannot be controlled (but measured?)
  - unknowns
    - → choose appropriate statistics to estimate impact on variability!
- consider objectivity if doubtful: double-blind your samples!
  - → extremely important for qualitative data
- randomization of samples to counteract growth effects
- technical factors (chamber effects?) reciprocal set-up of experiments
- controls!
  - → more than one might be needed to account for different steps in the experiment

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redundant /specific co-receptor properties of TIR1/ARF – AUX/IAA pairs



### Q1: Redundancy / specificity of co-receptors

#### approaches:

- 1. Y2H with all possible combinations
- 2. pull down assays
- 3. split-YFP/BIFC/yellow cameleon
- 4. genetic interactions combination of gain- and loss-of-function mutants

#### others:

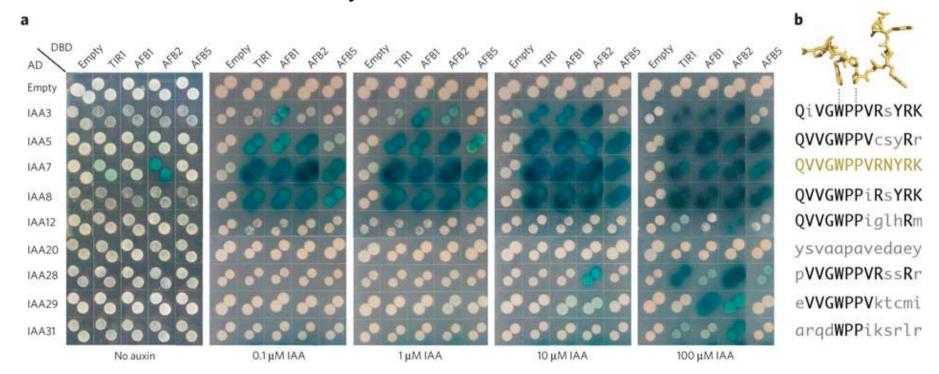
- expression analysis of tir1, afb1, afb2... mutants in response to auxin, different tissues...
- radioactive ligand binding + competition experiments → determine binding specificities
- •

### Q1: Redundancy / specificity of co-receptors

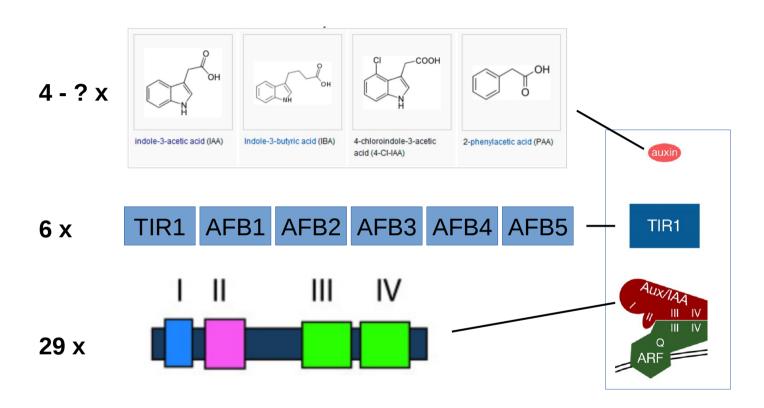
#### approaches:

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What are the necessary factors to consider + controls to test?



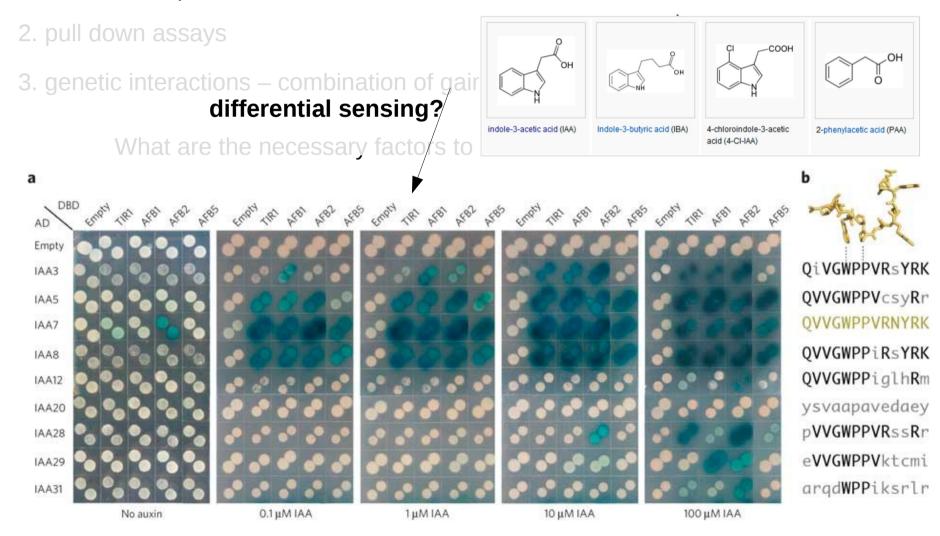
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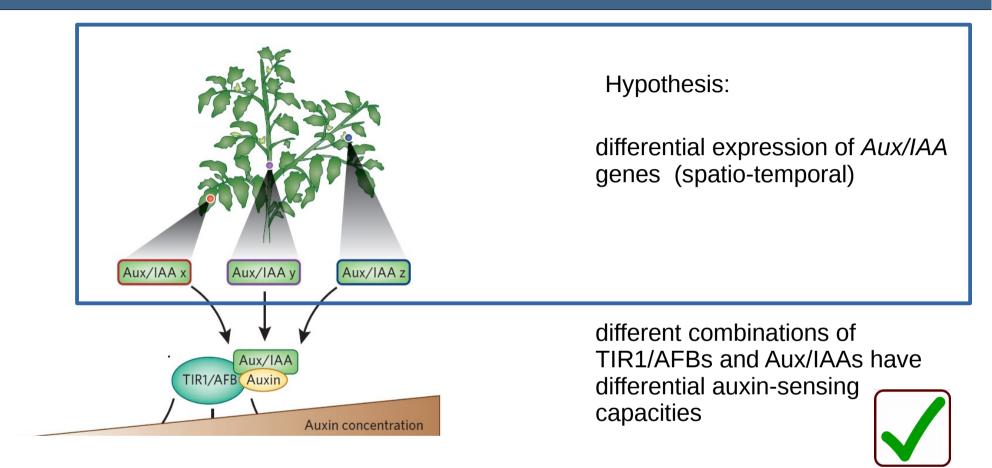


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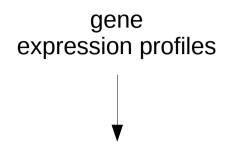
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1. Y2H with all possible combinations

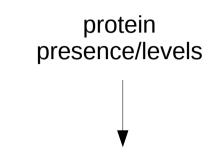




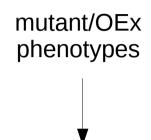
## how to determine spatio-temporal specificities of AUX/IAAs?



- qRT-PCR of individual genes
- analysis of whole genome data (microarray, RNAseq)



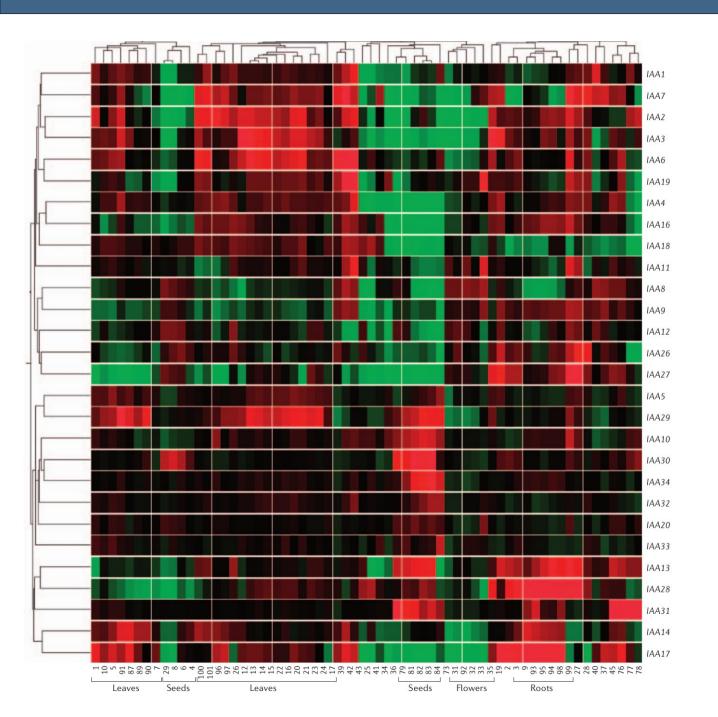
- Western blot of tissue extracts
- antibodies?
- tagged constructs



 phenotypic analysis of loss- or gain-offunction lines

how to determine spatio-temporal specificities of AUX/IAAs?

### redundancy / specificity of AUX/IAAs



cluster analysis

microarry expression data from different experiments were analyzed together

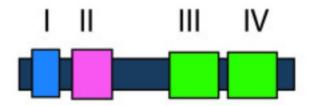
identification of potentially redundant Aux/IAAs

red: high expression green low expression

### examples of current research topics

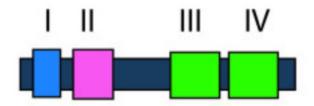
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### **AUX/IAA** domains



Question: which domains/linkers are relevant for AUX/IAA specificity in co-receptor function?

### **AUX/IAA** domains

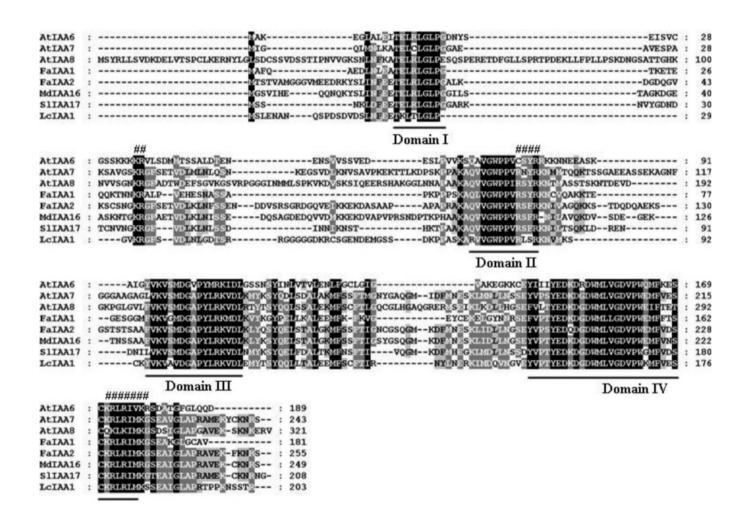


Question: which other domains contribute to AUX/IAA stability and which sequences determine specificity of co-receptor activity?

- truncate proteins
- site-directed mutagenesis sequence alignments → determine "interesting" amino acids
- domain/sequence swaps → chimeric proteins

### crystallization and structure elucidation

identification of conserved and variable sequences



site-directed mutagenesis, sequence swaps, etc

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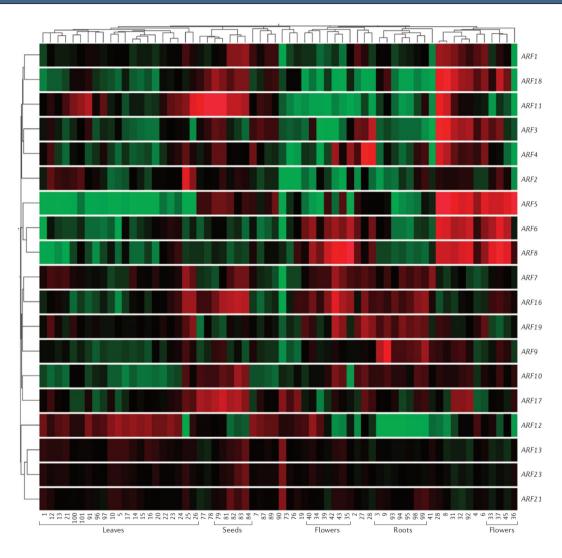
### redundancy / specificitiy of ARFs



#### approaches:

- 1. partial swaps of domains → identification of variable sequence streches via alignment
- 2. K.O mutants / OX lines → gene expression profiles (RNAseq, microarrays) + phenotypic characterization of single or higher order mutants
- 3. CHIP-Seq analysis → identification of direct target genes
- 4. interaction studies with AUX/IAAs
- 5. expression analysis of ARF gene family

### redundancy / specificitiy of ARFs



partially redundant / partially specific → different ARF combinations in different tissues (and/or timepoints)

→ identification of pairs/groups for generation of higher order mutants