

PROFILE COMPARISON IN THE EXTRACTION OF LIPIDS, CARBOHYDRATES, AND PHENOLIC COMPOUNDS OF SPENT COFFEE GROUND FROM DIFFERENT CONTINENTS



AMERICAN
UNIVERSITY
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Fall 2021

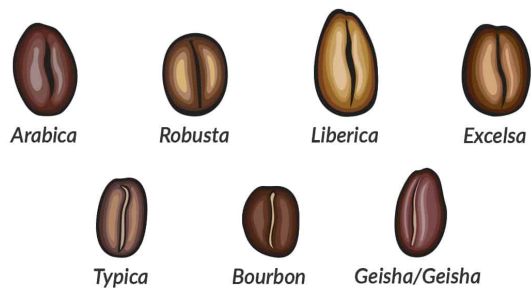
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pinterest.com



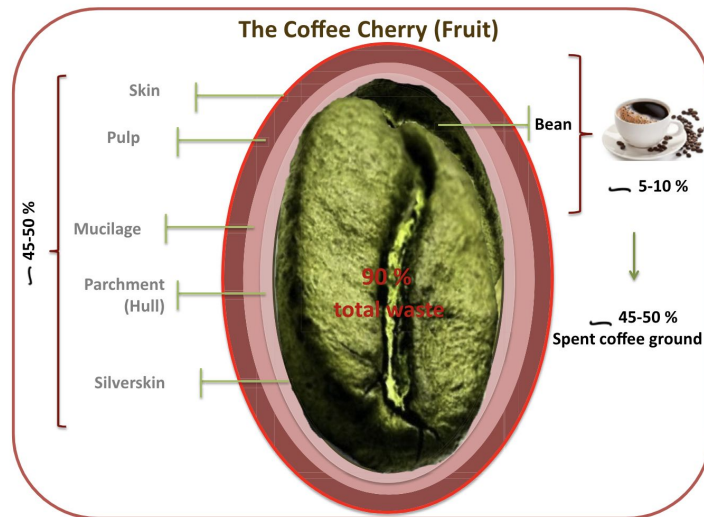
Background Information



RoastyCoffee.com



thejakartapost.com

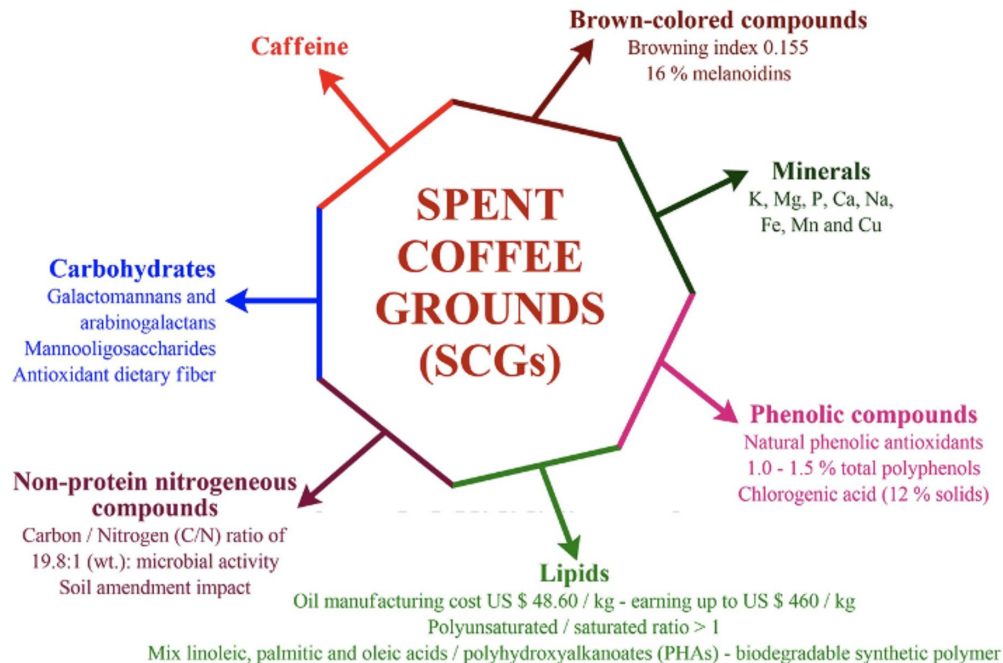


Kovalcik, et al [13].



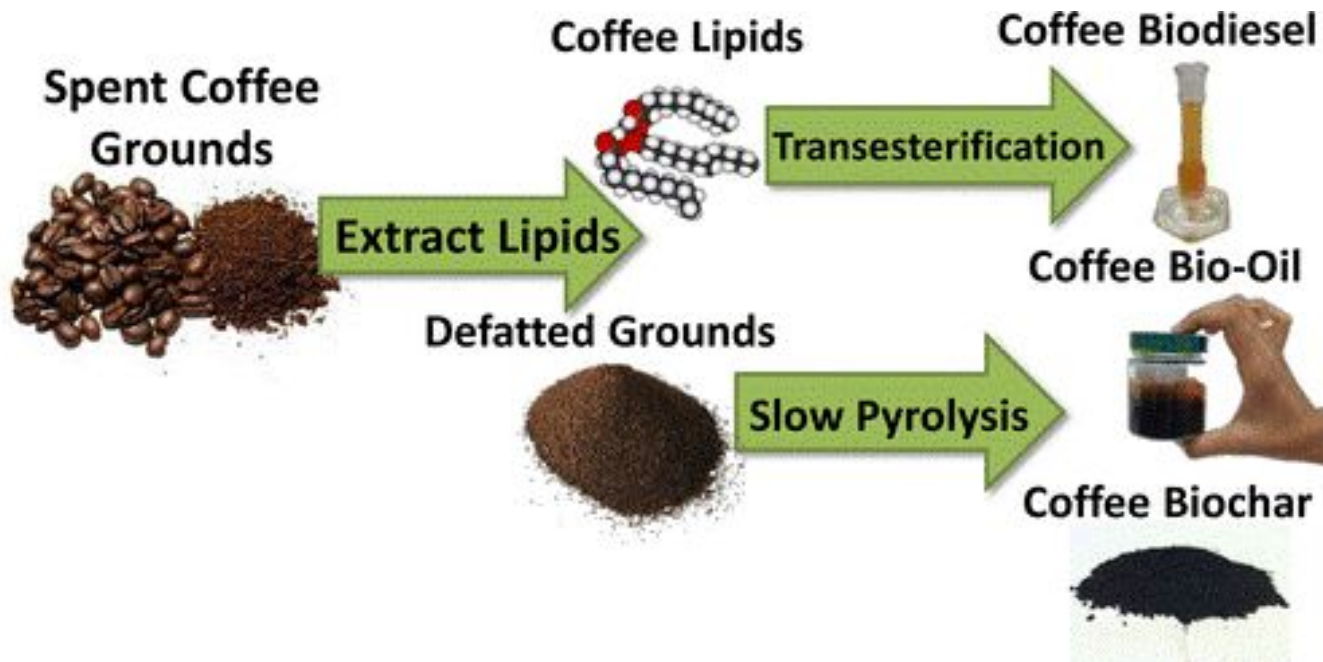


Background Information





Background Information



istc.illinois.edu





Goals of the experiment



istockphoto.com

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Goals of the experiment

Crude SCG:



SEM | jeol.co.jp

After extraction of
each group:



UV-Vis | scintek.com



ICP | Agilent.com



LC/MS | Agilent.com





Techniques & methods

Raw Material:

- Coffea Arabica
- Light roasting profile

Preparation of SCG:

- 16h
- 60°C

Solvent Extraction:

- Polyphenol
- Lipids
- Carbohydrates

30s* | 8min



Amazon.com



Oven | thermobid.com



Sample for Trials



* Asia, America, Europe and sample for trial.

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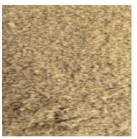
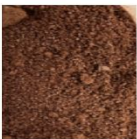
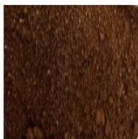
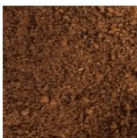
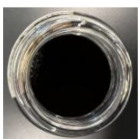
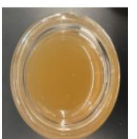
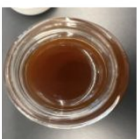
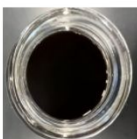
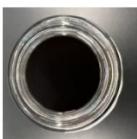
Coffee Samples

CODE	AE	OP	AS	AG	EI
Continent	Africa	Oceania	Asia	America	Europe
Country	Ethiopia	Papua New Guinea	Indonesia	Guatemala	Italy
Region	Unknown	Western Highlands	Sumatra Mandheling	Antigua Valley	Naples
Image					





Sample Preparation

CODE	AC	AE	OP	AS	AG	EI
Whole bean						
Grind coffee						
SCG						
Brewing						





Techniques & methods

Color Tests:

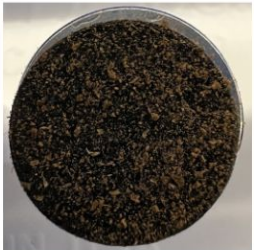
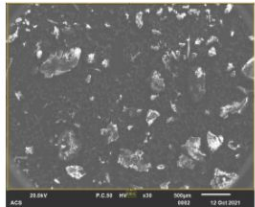
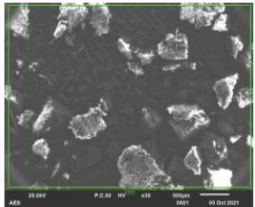
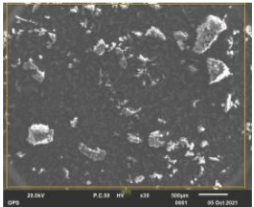
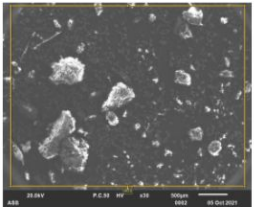
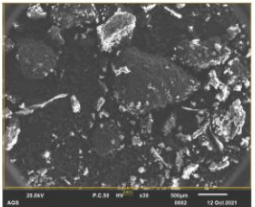
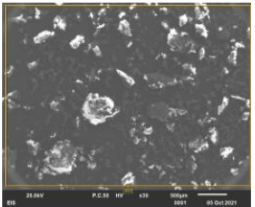
- Molisch's test → Carbohydrates
- Barfoed's test → Carbohydrates
- Benedict's reagent → Carbohydrates
- FeCl_3 test → Phenols
- Sudan IV (Red) test → Lipids
- Sudan Black B test → Lipids
- Biuret test → Protein

POLYPHENOLS	CARBOHYDRATES	LIPIDS
Trial 1 5g SCG methanol:water:acetic acid 70:25:5 Sonicator 15 minutes Filtration Separatory funnel 24h	Trial 1 2.5g SCG Water: ethanol 75:25 Sonicator 60 minutes, room temperature Filtration Separatory funnel 20h	Trial 1 5g SCG Water: chloroform 50:50 Sonicator 15 minutes Filtration Separatory funnel 24h
Trial 3 5g SCG 500 DI water Stir for 40 mins at 80°C. Then shake it for 15 mins. Centrifuge for 15 mins at 1500 rps	Trial 3 5g SCG 500 DI water Stir for 40 mins at 80°C. Then shake it for 15 mins. Centrifuge for 15 mins at 1500 rps	Trial 2 5g SCG Hexane:water: ethyl acetate 50:20:30 Sonicator 15 minutes Filtration Separatory funnel 24h
Trial 2 5g SCG Water: ethanol 75:25 Sonicator 60 minutes, room temperature Filtration Separatory funnel 20h		Trial 2 5g SCG Water:ethyl acetate 40:60 Sonicator 15 minutes Separatory funnel 24h





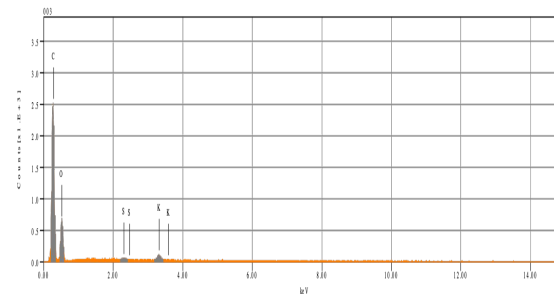
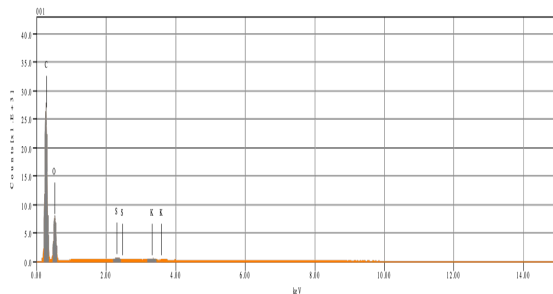
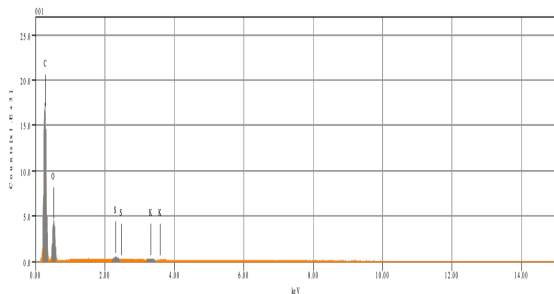
Elemental Analysis

AC	AE	OP	AS	AG	EI
					
					
Elements identified: C, O, S & K	Elements identified: C, O, S & K	Elements identified: C, O, S & K	Elements identified: C, O, S & K	Elements identified: C, O, S & K	Elements identified: C, O, S & K

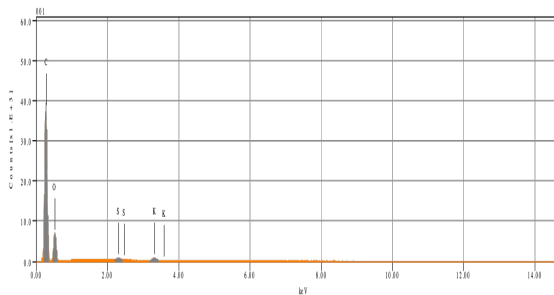
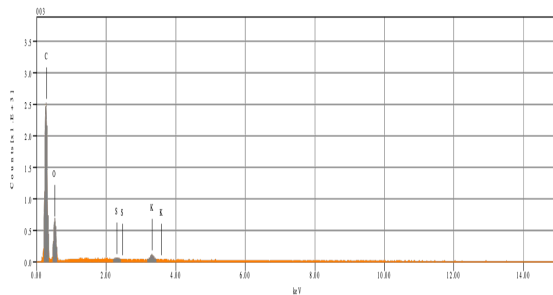
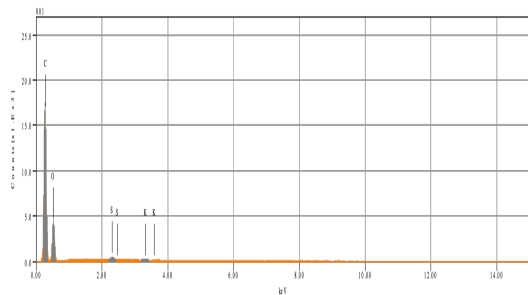




Elemental Analysis

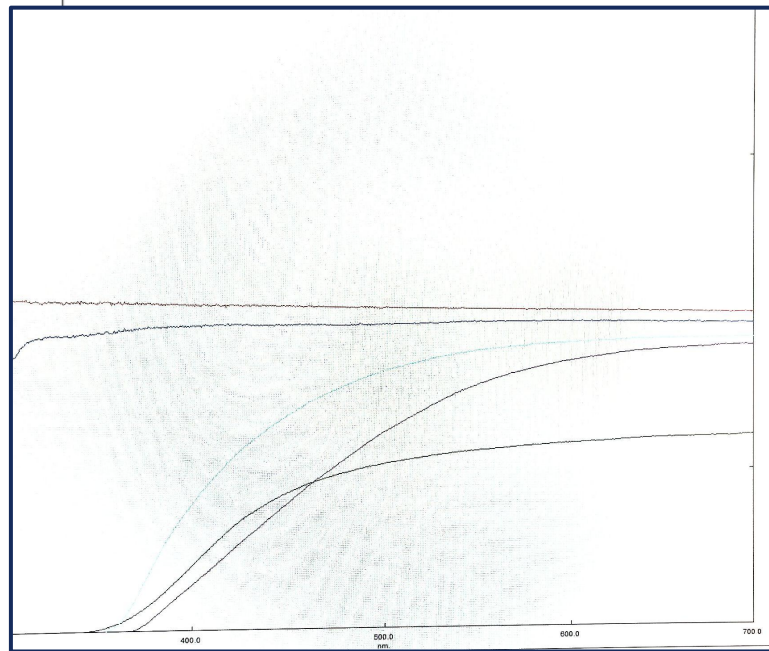
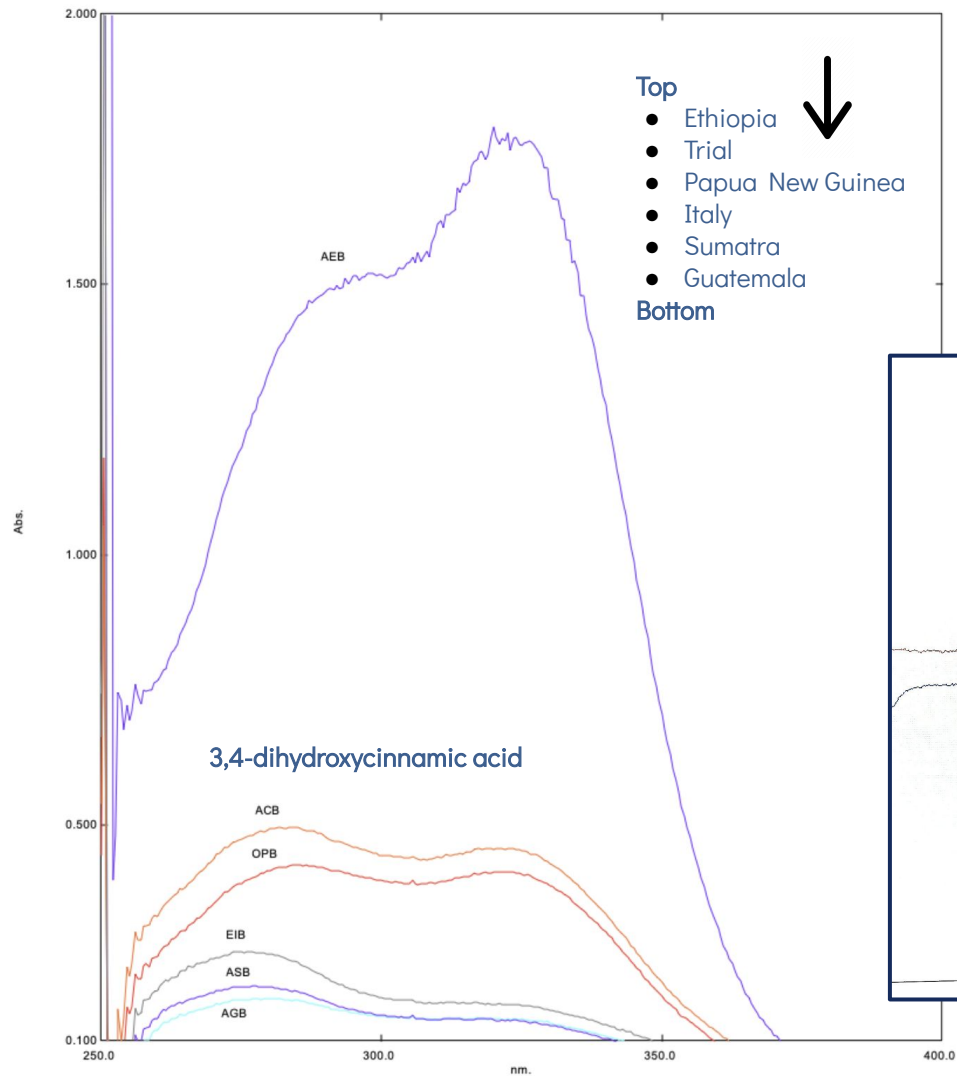


Elemental Analysis for the different coffee samples showed similar findings





Results





Results

POLYPHENOLS	CARBOHYDRATES	LIPIDS
Trial 1 5g SCG methanol:water:acetic acid 70:25:5 Sonicator 15 minutes Filtration Separatory funnel 24h	Trial 1 2.5g SCG Water: ethanol 75:25 Sonicator 60 minutes, room temperature Filtration Separatory funnel 20h	Trial 1 5g SCG Water: chloroform 50:50 Sonicator 15 minutes Filtration Separatory funnel 24h
Trial 3 5g SCG 500 DI water Stir for 40 mins at 80°C. Then shake it for 15 mins. Centrifuge for 15 mins at 1500 rps	Trial 3 5g SCG 500 DI water Stir for 40 mins at 80°C. Then shake it for 15 mins. Centrifuge for 15 mins at 1500 rps	Trial 2 5g SCG Hexane:water: ethyl acetate 50:20:30 Sonicator 15 minutes Filtration Separatory funnel 24h
Trial 2 5g SCG Water: ethanol 75:25 Sonicator 60 minutes, room temperature Filtration Separatory funnel 20h		Trial 2 5g SCG Water:ethyl acetate 40:60 Sonicator 15 minutes Separatory funnel 24h





Relevance to the course

- The current project allowed us to design an experiment based on chemistry by using the resources provided by American University, including equipment, solvents, and glassware.
- The spent coffee ground is a considerable biowaste increasing annually which can cause an increase of landfill as it could affect the environment and our approach to find ways to recycle or reuse the SCG.
- We aimed to identify the coffee components based on their geographical location in this specific project. According to our findings, there was no significant difference in compositions.





Long-term implications

- Recycling and reusing the SCG will help reduce the amount of biowaste and its impact on the environment.
- The SCG consists of some active compounds that can be remanufactured and used in different fields, such as cosmetics.





Ideas for improvement

- This initial project is considered the qualitative aspect. It is encouraged to do the quantitative analysis using MS for future experiments.
- For further research, since the Elemental analysis cannot detect the trace amount of elements, it is suggested to use the ICP-MS to investigate the impurities in the SCG.
- Finding an appropriate way to extract the proteins and detect their bioactivity will be considerable for extended research.





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Gracias
Thank you

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