Knockout mice created by TALEN-mediated gene targeting

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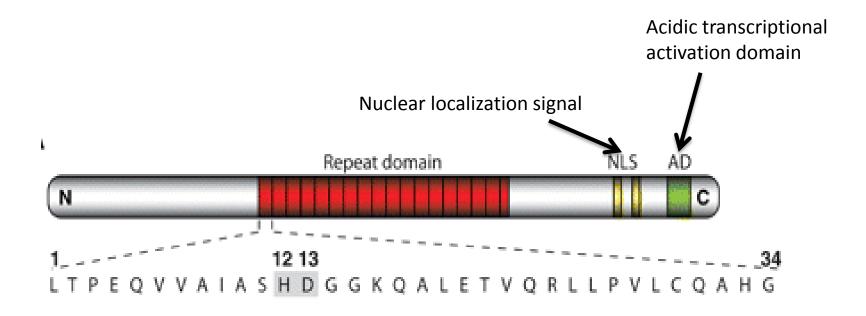
Sung, Y. H., et al. (2013). Knockout mice created by TALEN-mediated gene targeting. *Nature biotechnology*, *31*(1), 23–4. doi:10.1038/nbt.2477

Gene-specific knockout mice

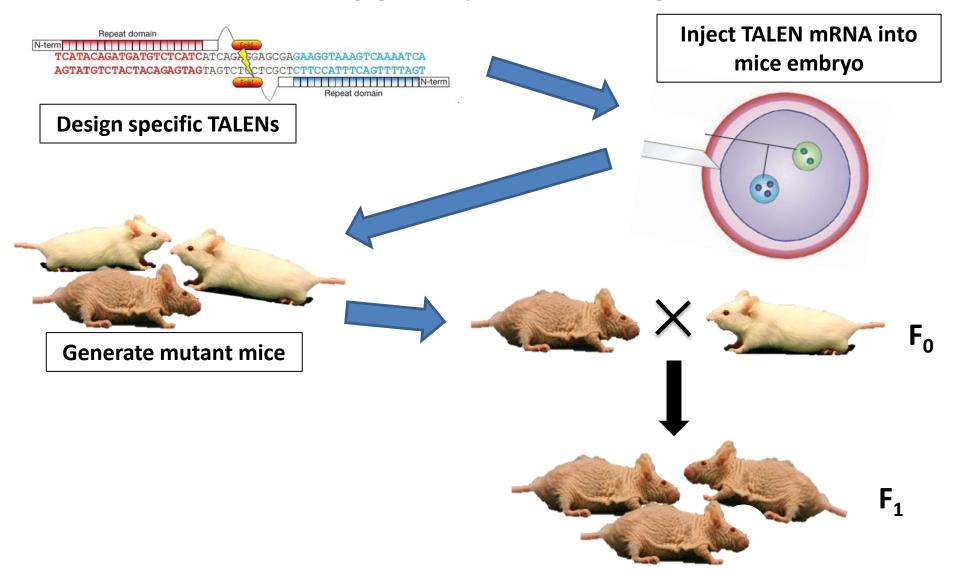
- Knocked out gene –
 existing gene is replaced
 or disrupted
- Causes change in mouse phenotype
- One of the most powerful ways to study gene function in living animals



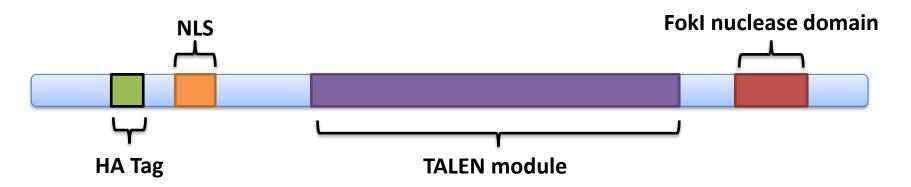
Review on TALENs



Overview of how to generate knockout mice with TALENs



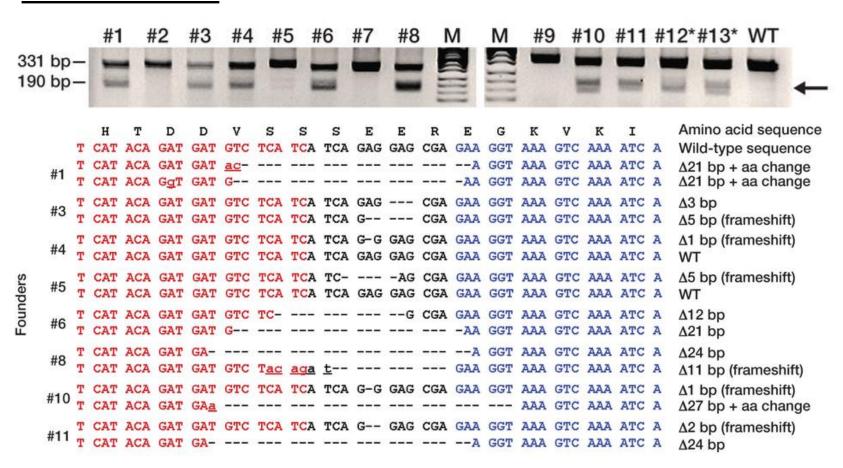
Step 1: Design and synthesize highly active TALENs



- HA Tag for antibody tagging
- NLS nuclear localization signal
- TALEN module target either Pibf1 or Sepw1
- Fokl nuclease domain creates non-specific cleavage

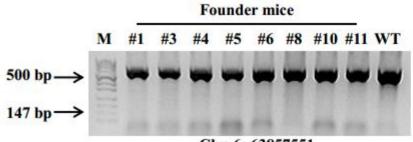
Step 2: Identify mutant mice

Pibf1-TALEN:

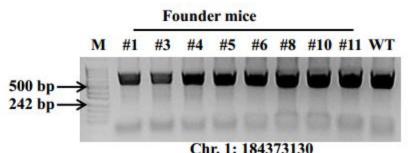


Pibf1 shows no off-target cleavage

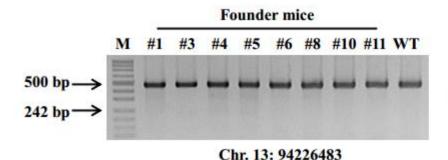
T7E1 test of off-target sites



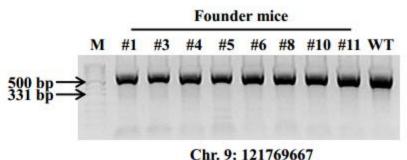
Chr. 6: 63857551 Predicted sizes: 122 bp/476 bp



Predicted sizes: 253 bp/326 bp



Predicted sizes: 129 bp/284 bp



Predicted sizes: 326 bp/302 bp

Step 3: Investigate Dose dependency for Pibf1-TALEN

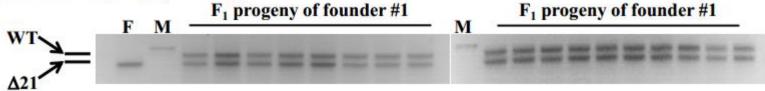
Table 1: TALEN-mediated Pibf1 gene targeting in C57BL/6J mice

Dose of <i>TALEN- Pibf1</i> mRNA (ng/µl)	Number of injected zygotes	Number of surviving zygotes	Two-cell embryos	Transferred embryos	Newborns	Founders*
50	276	263 (95.3%)	262 (99.6%)	243	13 (5.3%)†	10 (76.9%) ^{††}
20	183	176 (96.2%)	176 (100%)	176	39 (22.2%) [†]	19 (48.7%)

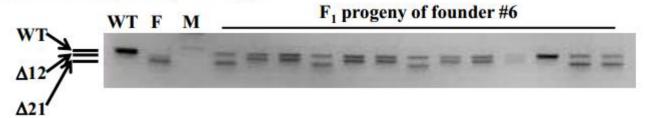
- Mutation rate approximately proportional to injection dose of Pibf1-TALEN mRNA
- More frequent bi-allelic mutations in high dose
- Relatively large deletions more frequent with high-dose
- Higher number of mutant mice produced by low-dose injections

Step 4: Produce F₁offsprings and determine genotypes

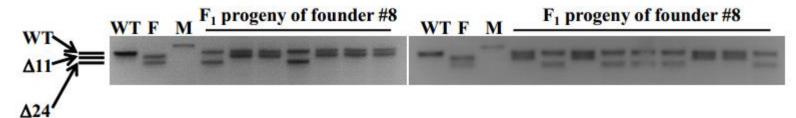
Founder #1 (Δ 21 bp/ Δ 21 bp) F₁ pro



Founder #6 (Δ 12 bp/ Δ 21 bp)



Founder #8 (Δ 11 bp/ Δ 24 bp)



Conclusion

- TALEN activity in one-cell embryos is sufficient to induce mutations
- TALEN activity not likely to be maintained after the first cleavage of one-cell embryos
- TALEN-mediated gene targeting is an efficient method for creating heritable null mutations in a specific locus of the mouse genome

Limitations

- 15% gene knockouts are developmentally lethal, limiting ability to study development into adult mice
- Same gene has different functions in humans
- Limited control over base pair deletion
- Off-target binding
- Dose-dependent activity

Significance and Future Developments

- Target specific sequences in the genome
- Easy to manipulate TALENs to target any sequence
- Can target other genes
- Find a more specific method for cleavage

Discussion Questions

- Is there a way to make the DNA cleavage more predictable?
- Is this method really more efficient than current methods for creaking knockout mice?
- What other methods may this be combined with to create more control?