

Topic 1 Topic 2 Topic 3 Topic 4 Topic 5

Foundations for Synthetic Biology

Vincent Rouilly
Bioengineering Department
Imperial College London



Topic 1 Topic 2 Topic 3 Topic 4 Topic 5

**Abstraction** 

**Standardisation** 

**Quality Control** 

Foundations for Synthetic Biology

Vincent Rouilly
Bioengineering Department
Imperial College London

inter-operabilty

**Re-usability** 

Rational Design

Predictive Properties

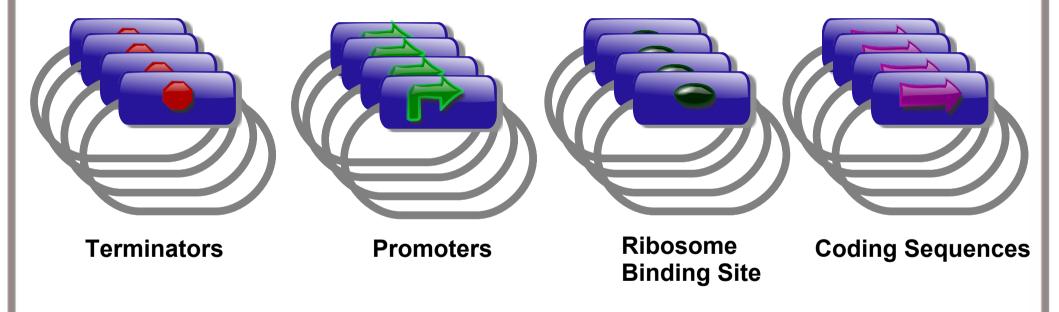


Topic 1 Topic 2 Topic 3 Topic 4 Topic 5

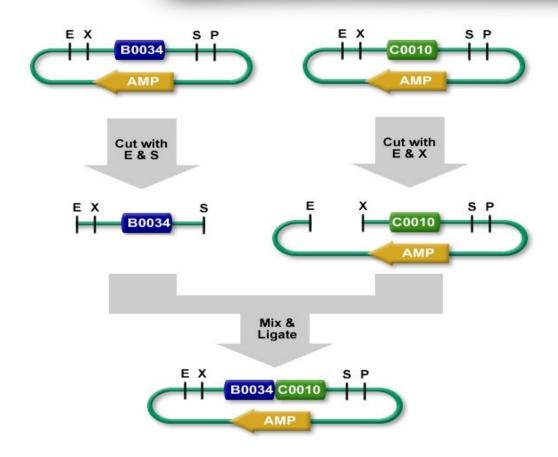
Standard for Physical DNA Composition

Vincent Rouilly
Bioengineering Department
Imperial College London



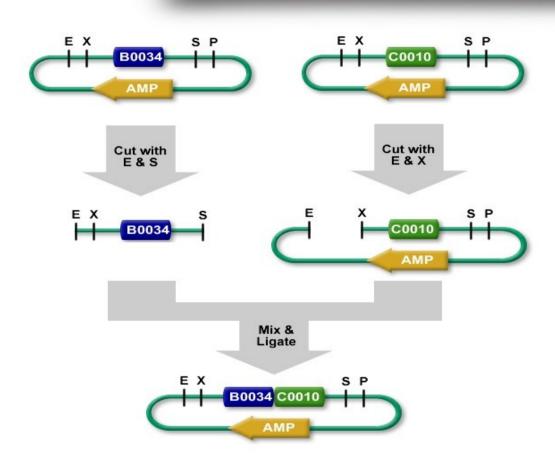






**Standard Assembly** 





**Standard Assembly** 

**Culture Bacteria with Parts** 

**Mini-prep Plasmid DNA** 

**Set-up Restriction Digest** 

Run a Gel

**Gel extract parts** 

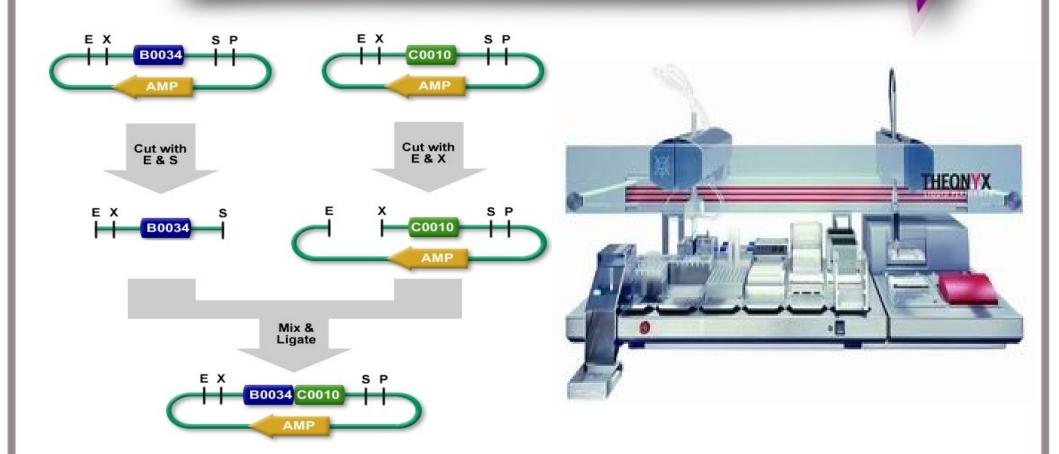
**Set-up ligation** 

**Transform bacteria** 

**Culture under Antibiotic** 

Mini-Prep and Check DNA

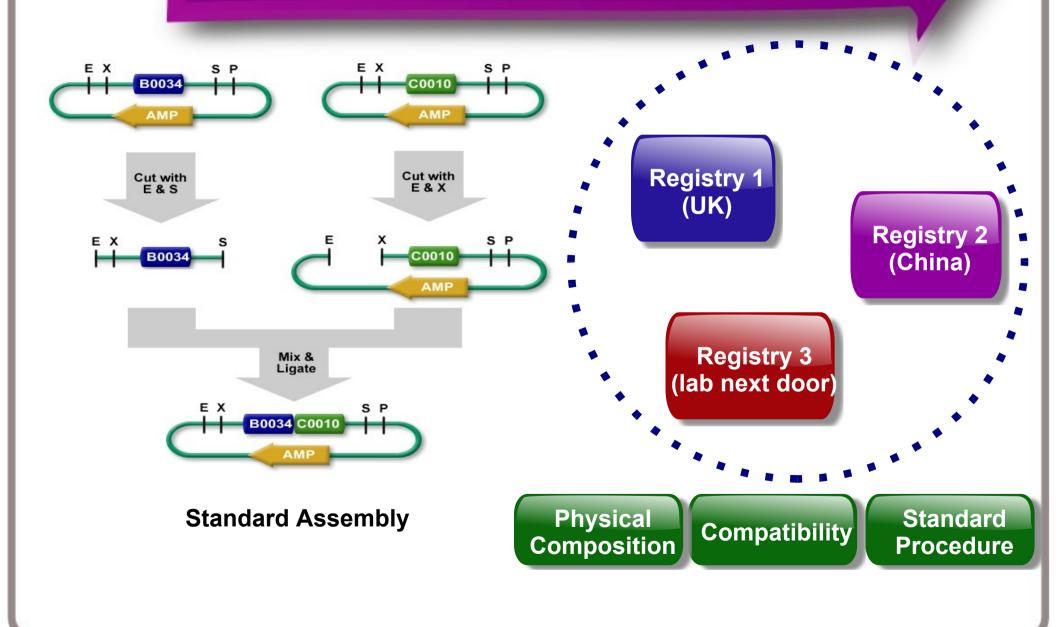




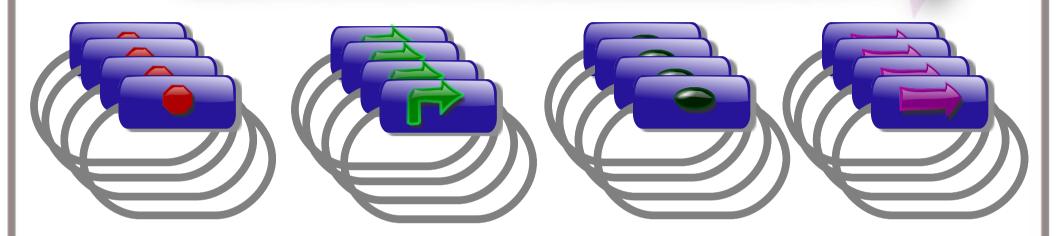
**Standard Assembly** 

Automated Robotic Assembly (Liquid Handling Robot)



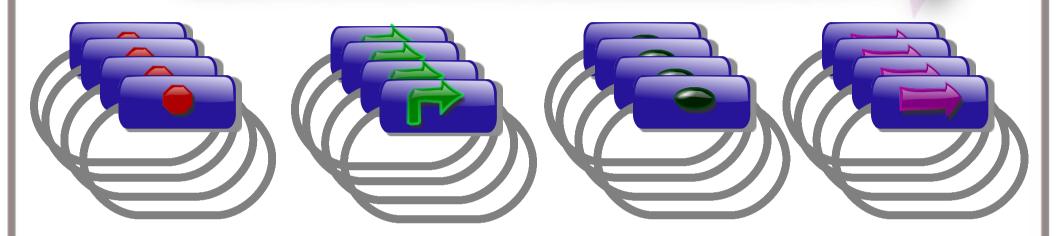






The BioBrick Standard insures physical DNA composition





The BioBrick Standard insures physical DNA composition

But does the assembly always make sense?

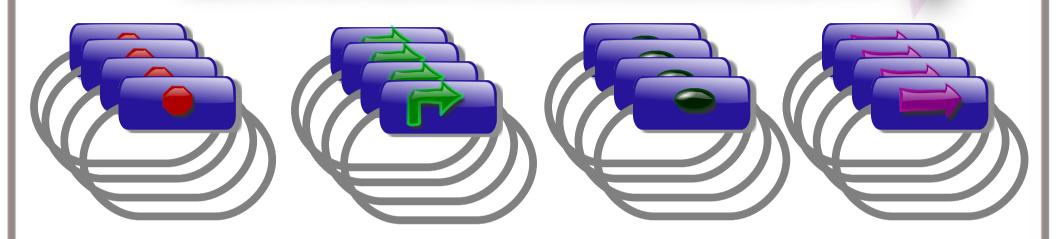


Topic 1 Topic 2 Topic 3 Topic 4 Topic 5

# Standards for Functional Composition

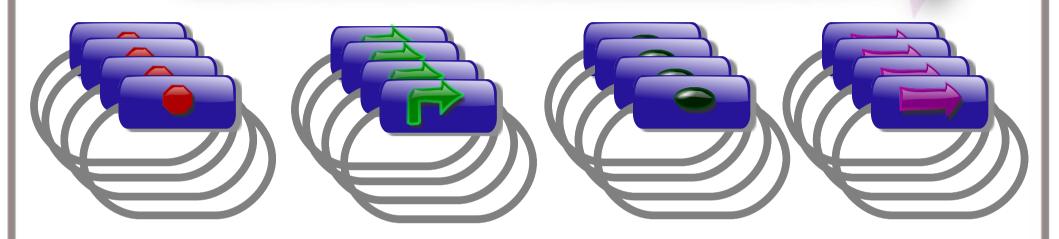
Vincent Rouilly
Bioengineering Department
Imperial College London





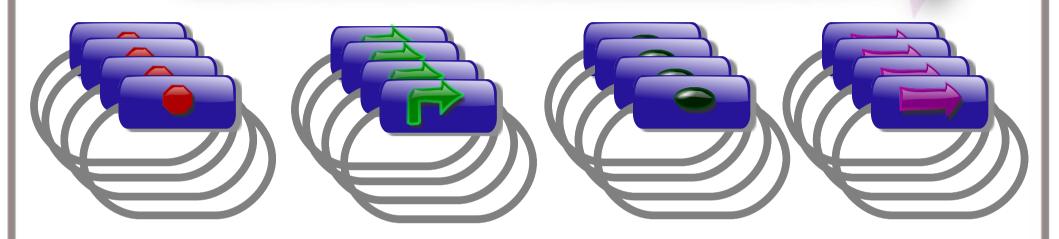






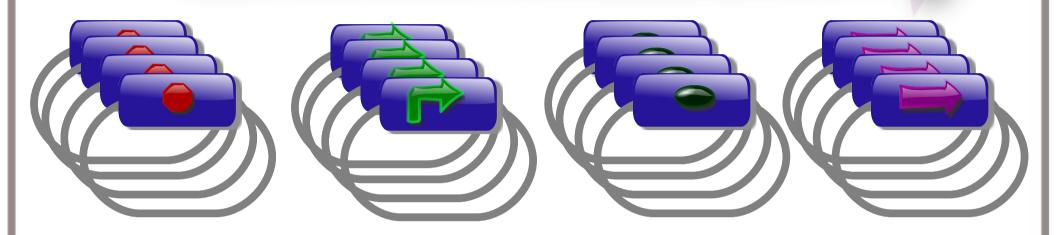








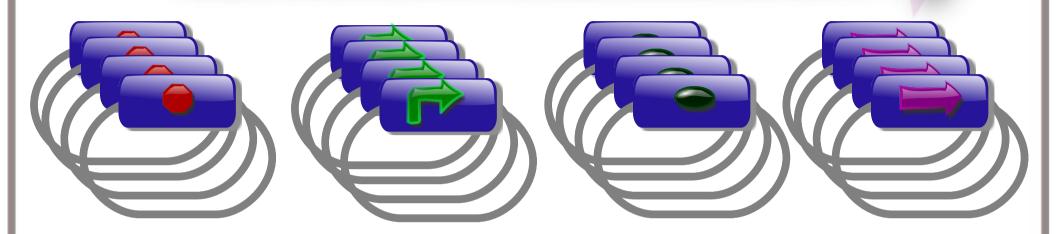








#### Standard for Functional Composition

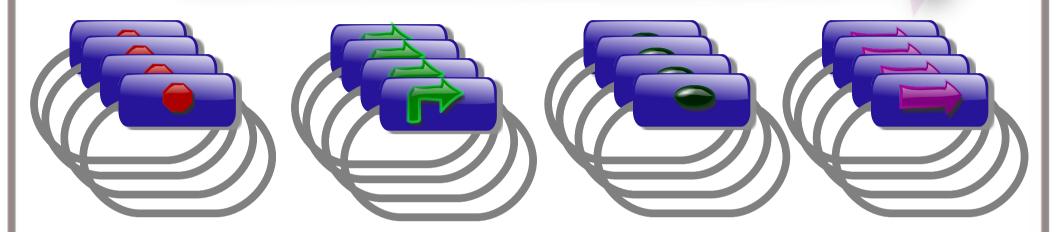


Can we find a set of Design Rules to promote:

- 1 Functional property of the assembly
- 2 Modularity of the device created
- 3 Re-usability of the device/system



#### Standard for Functional Composition

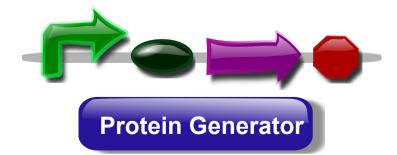


#### Can we find a set of Design Rules to insure:

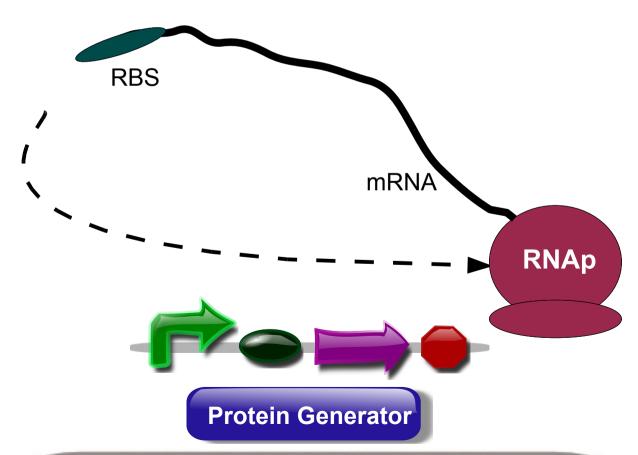
- 1 functional property of the assembly
- 2 modularity of the device created
- 3 re-usability of the device/system

Focus on Device

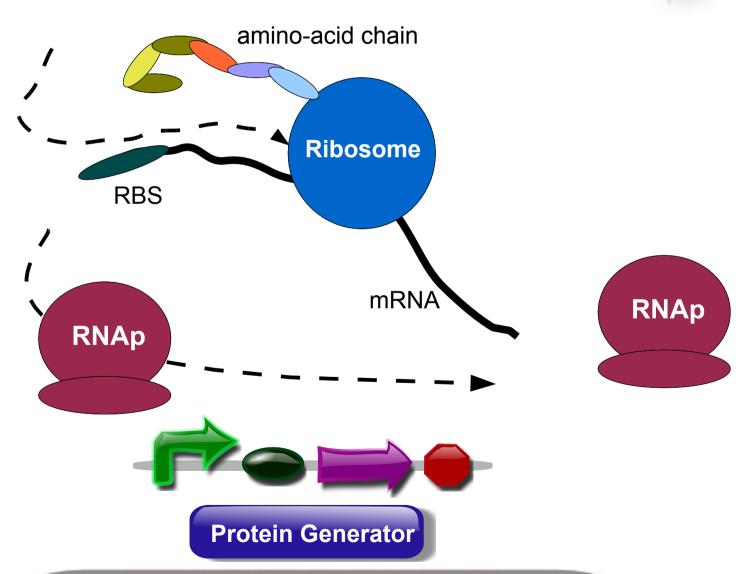




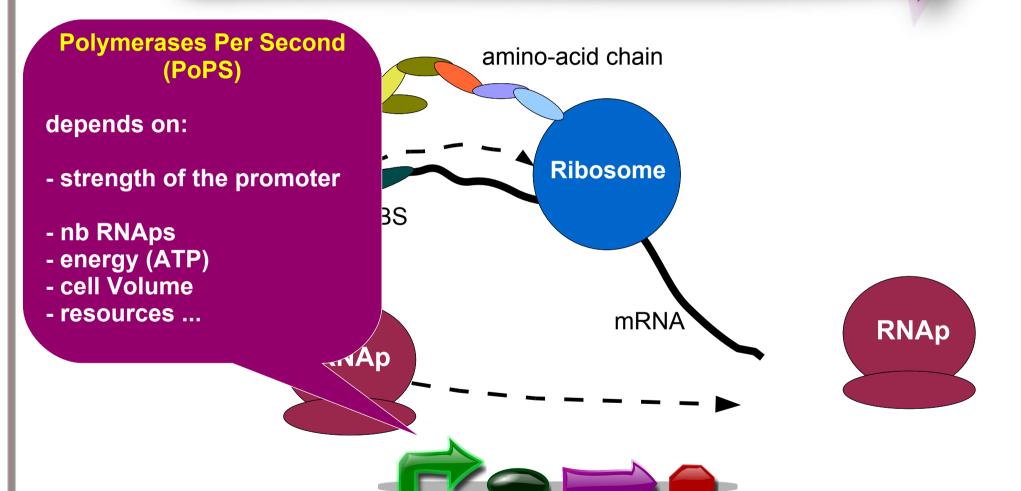








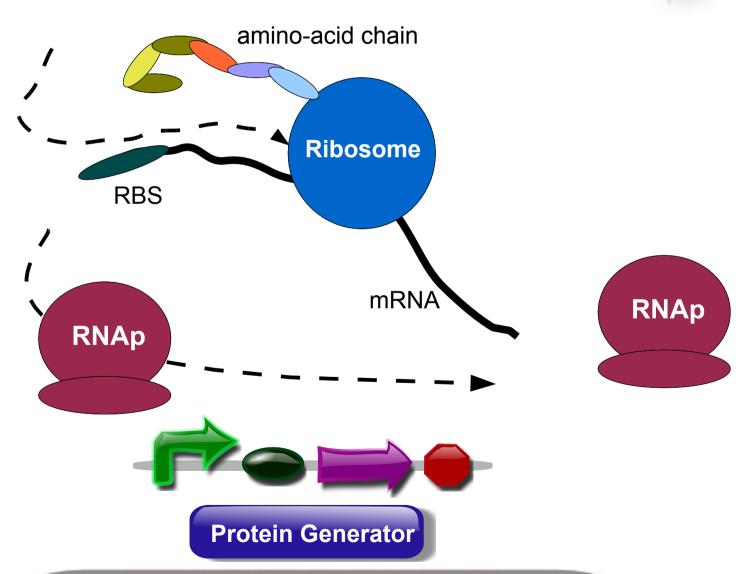




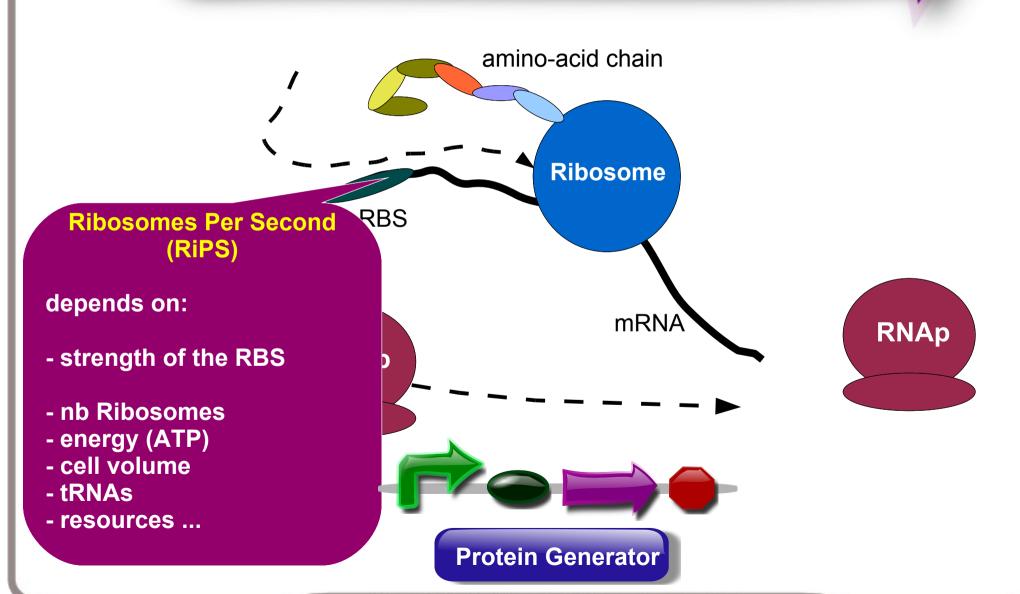
Vincent Rouilly @ Imperial College London, 2008

**Protein Generator** 

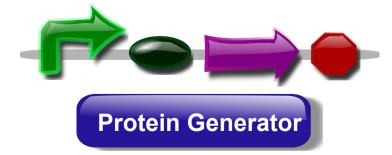




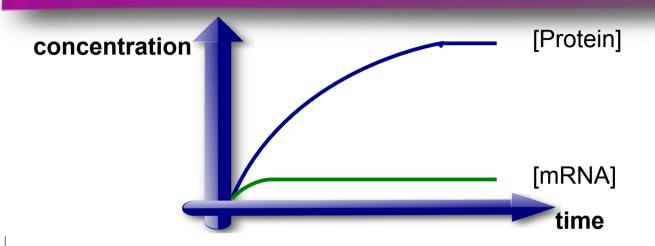






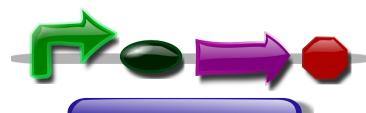






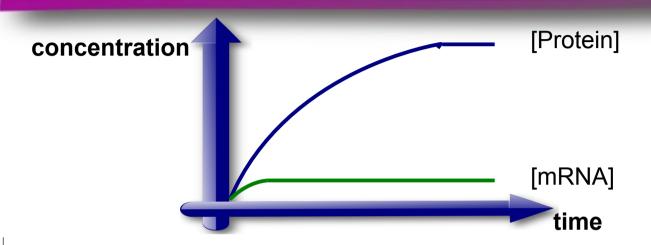
$$\frac{d[mRNA]}{dt} = k1 - d1[mRNA]$$

$$\frac{d[Protein]}{dt} = k2.[mRNA] - d2[Protein]$$



**Protein Generator** 





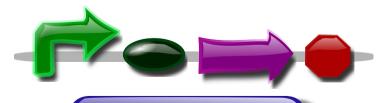
$$\frac{d[mRNA]}{dt} =$$



- d1[mRNA]

$$\frac{d[Protein]}{dt} = -[mRNA] -$$

d2[Protein]



**Protein Generator** 

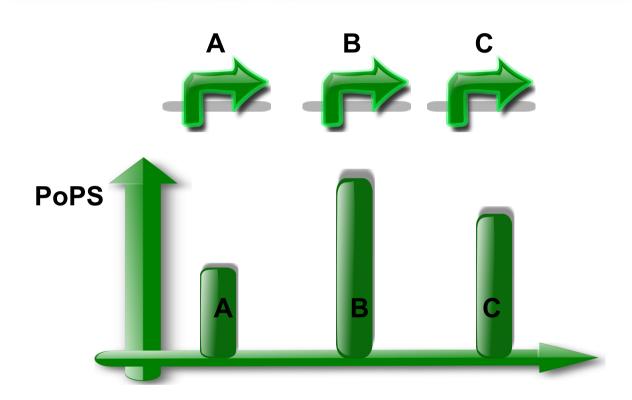


## PoPS Generators





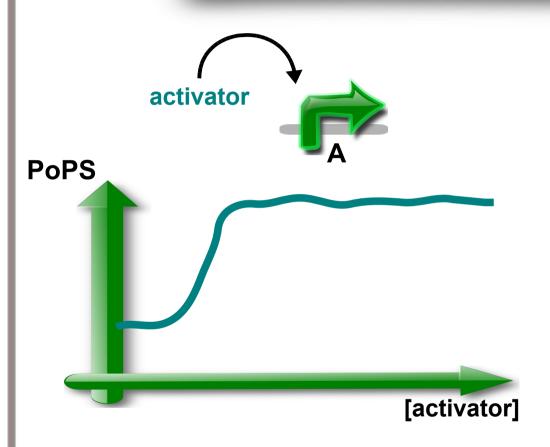
### **PoPS Characterisation**



**Constitutive Promoters** 

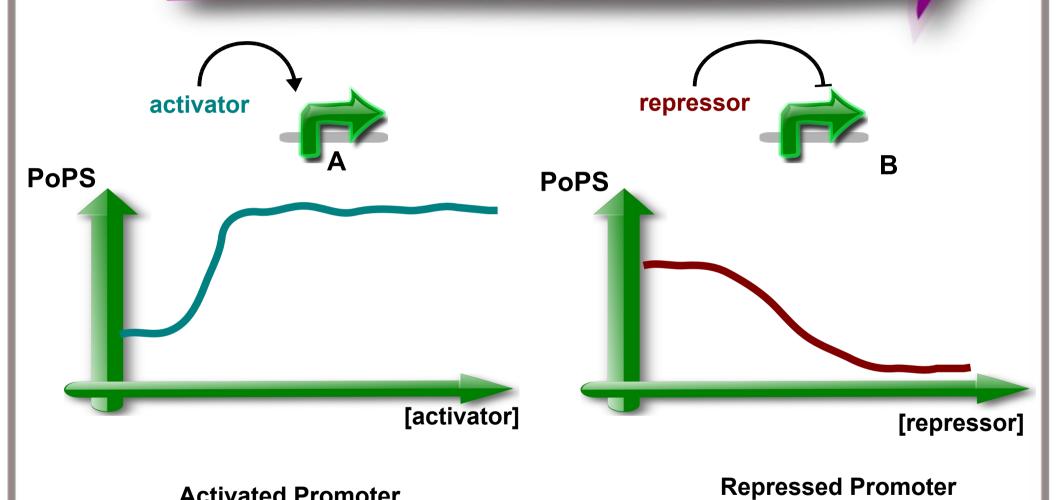


# **Tuneable PoPS Generators**



**Activated Promoter** 





**Activated Promoter** 



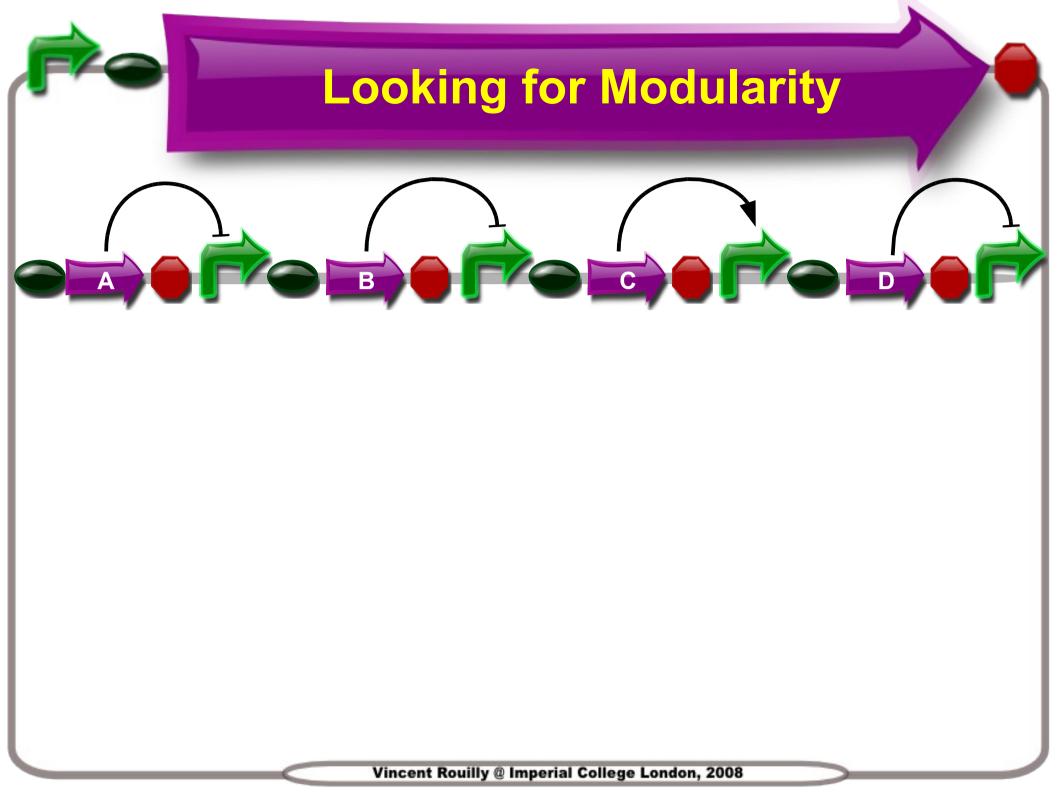
#### **RiPS Generators**

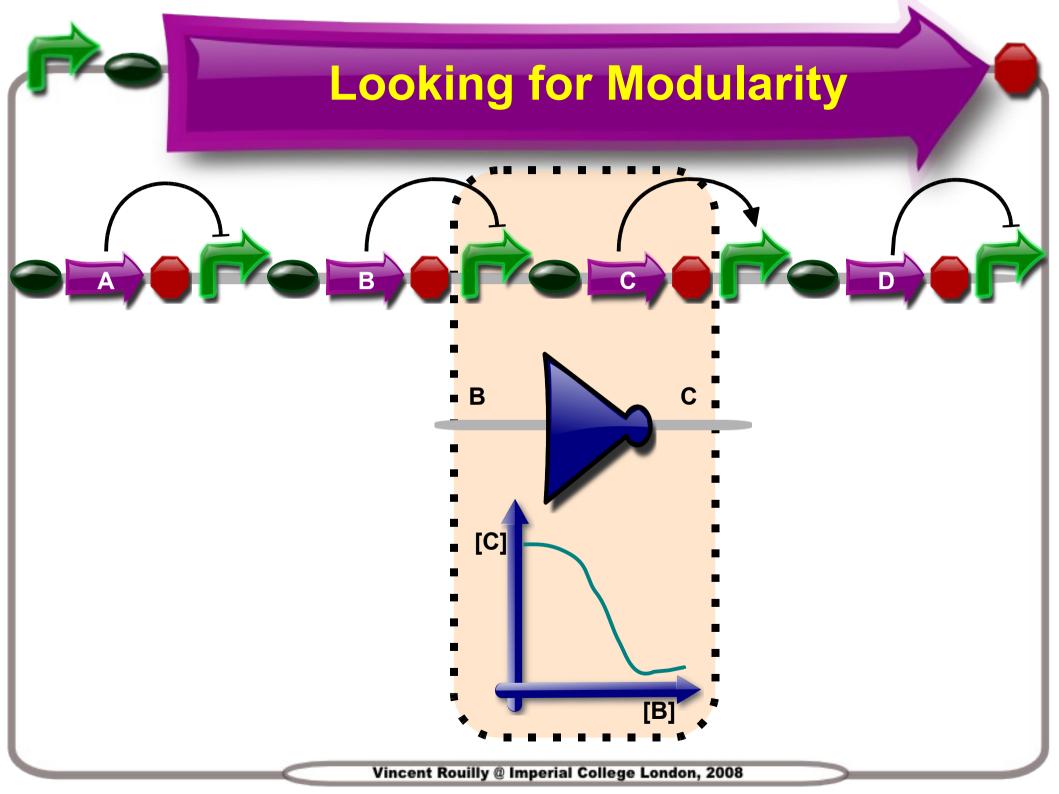


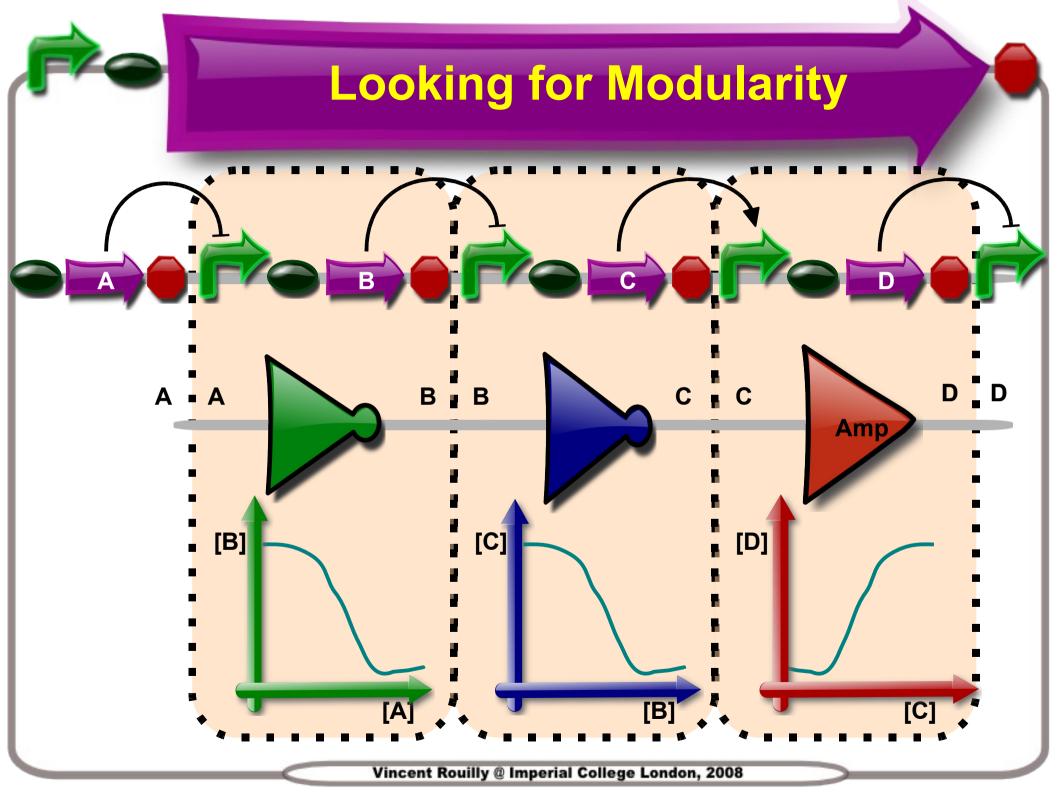
Are the same principles applicable to RBS parts?

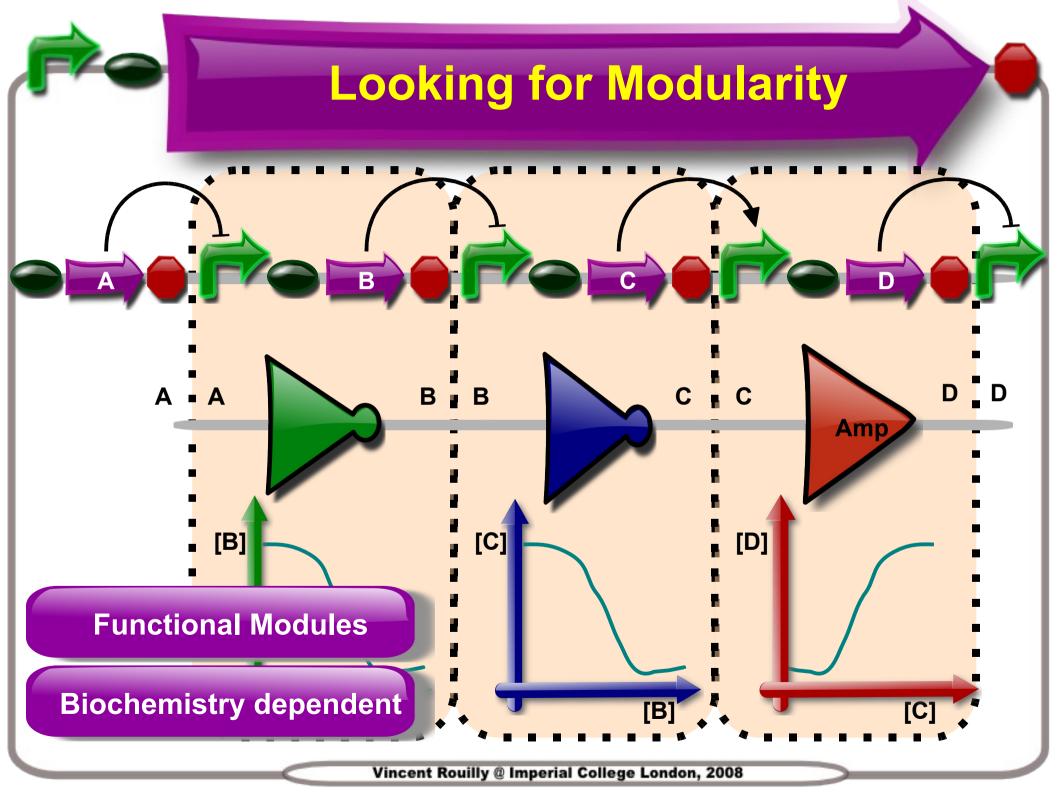
give it a try ...

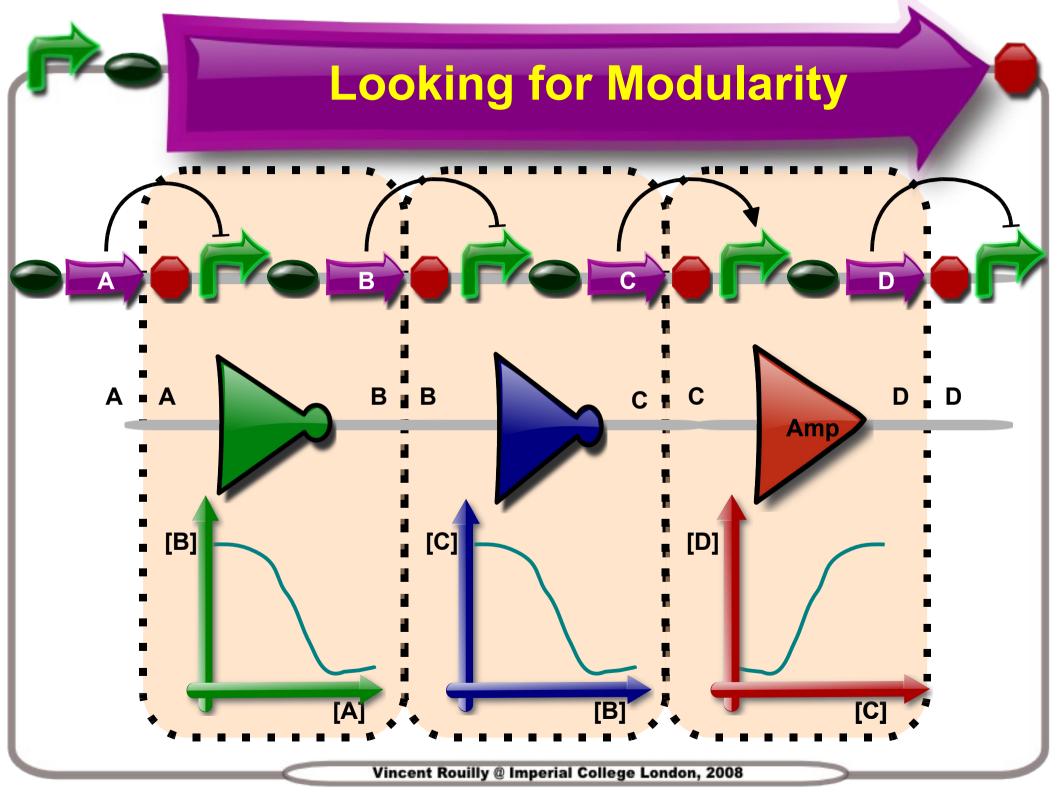
keywords: riboswitches, miRNA ...

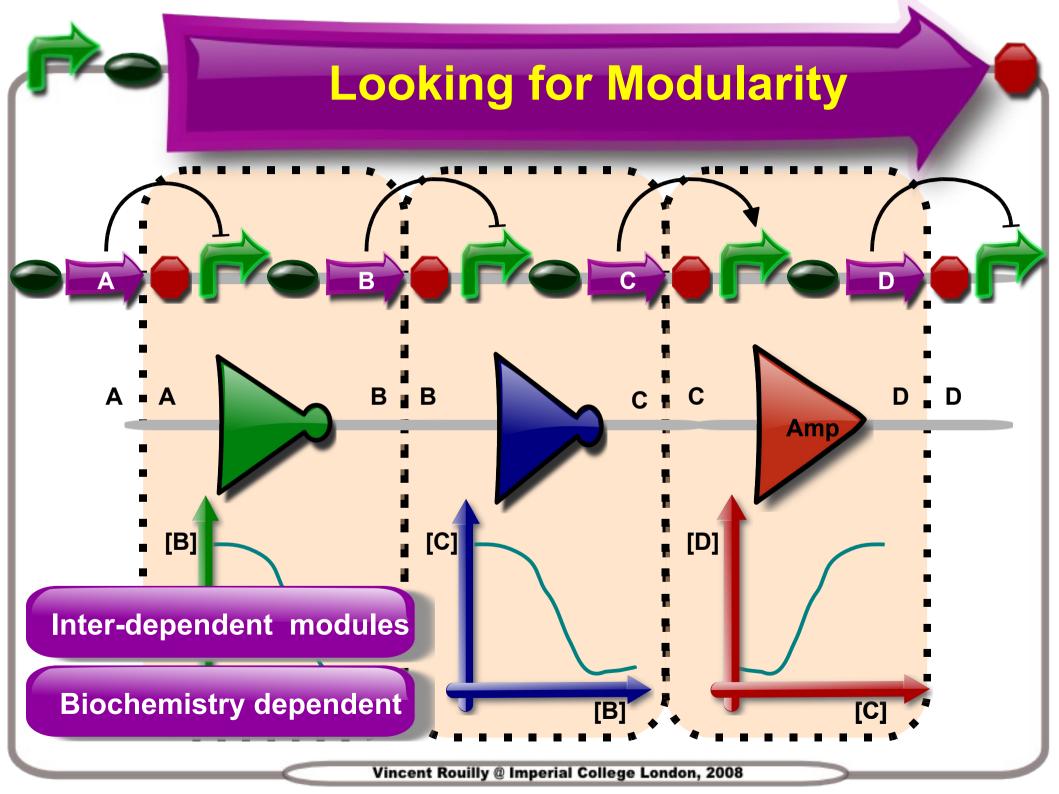


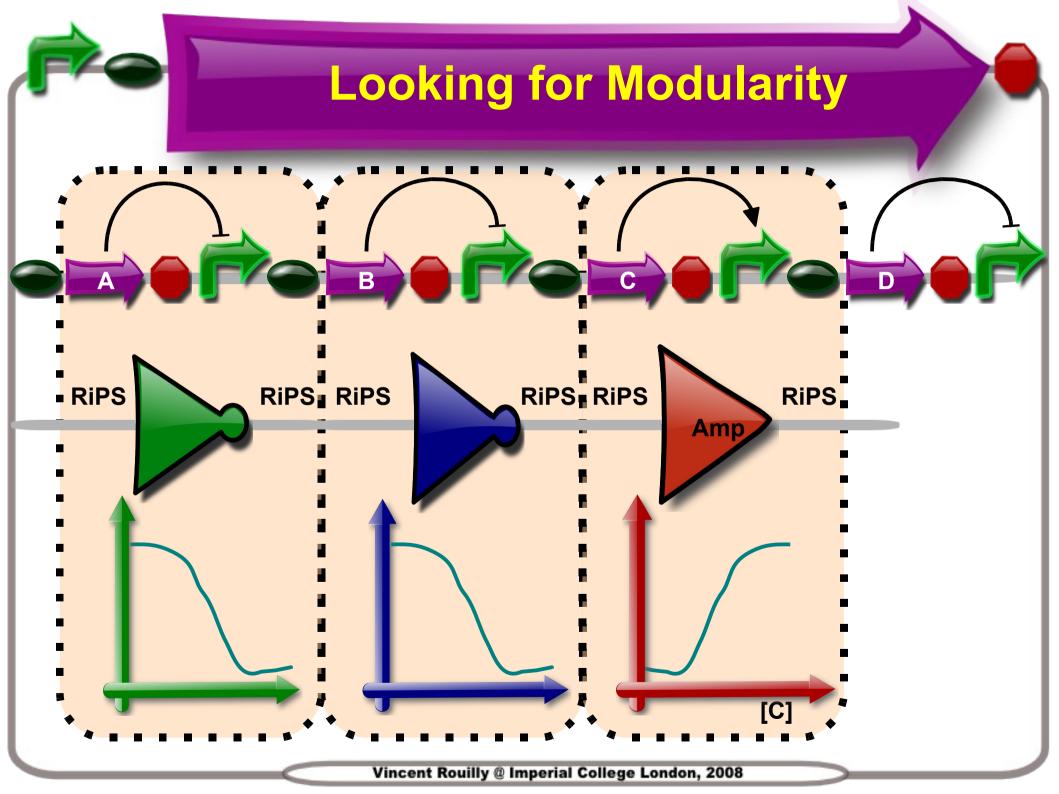


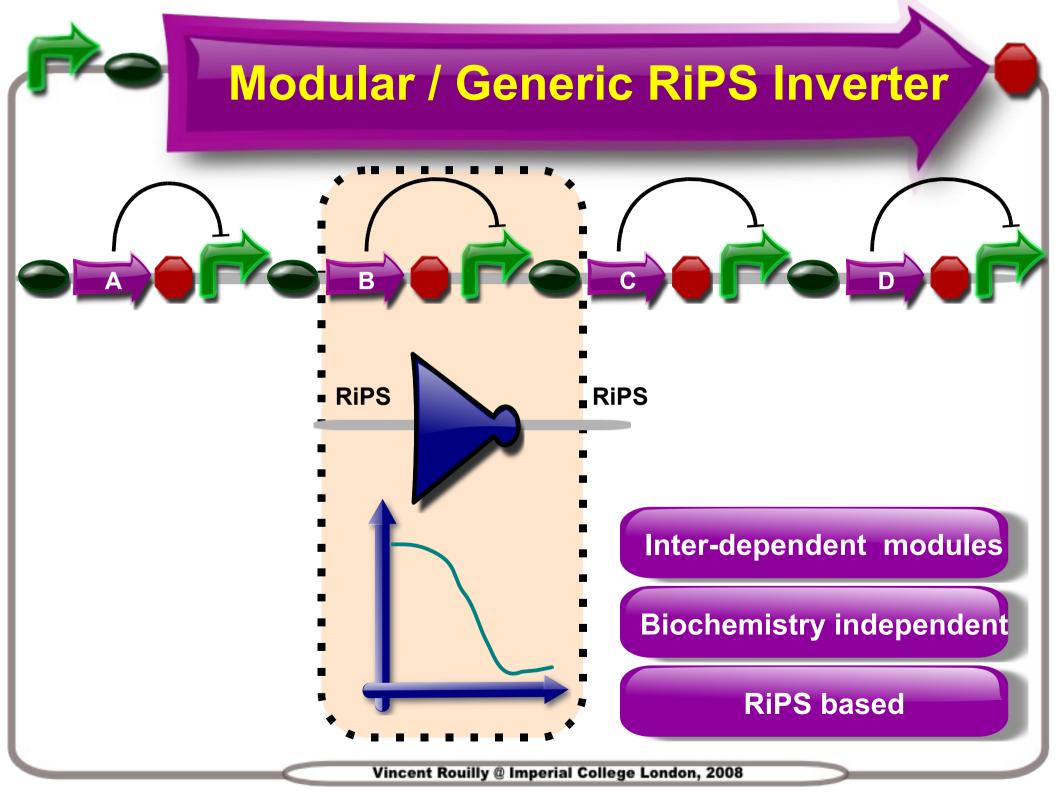


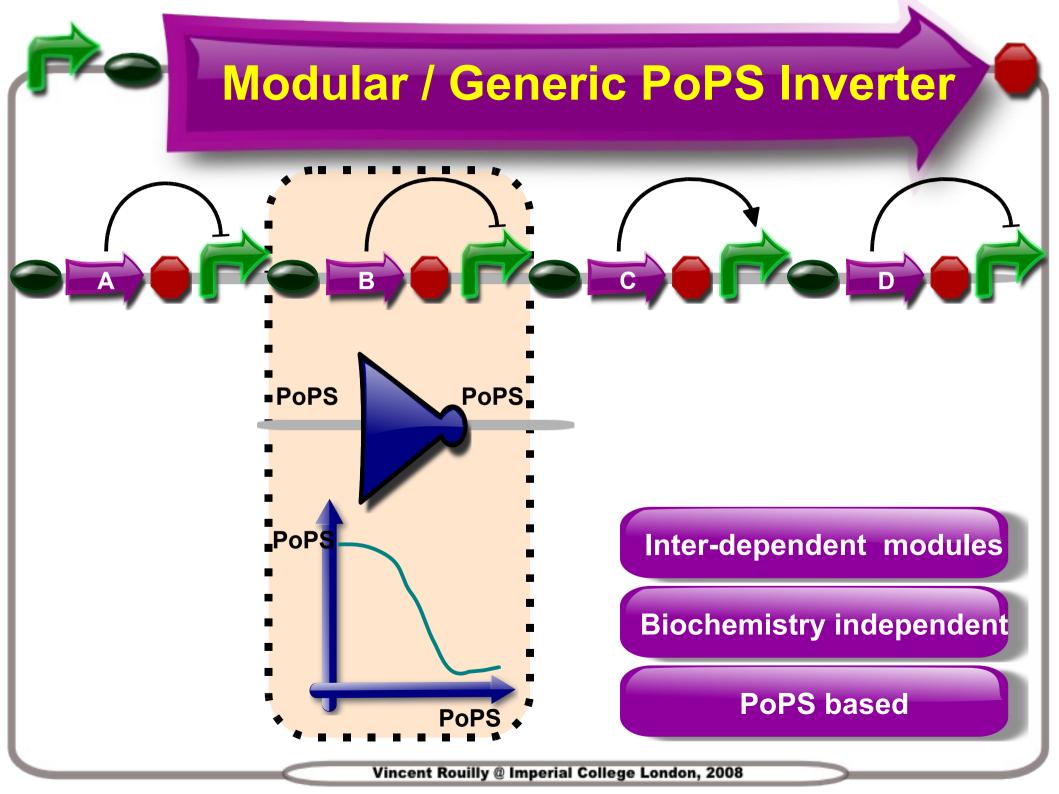


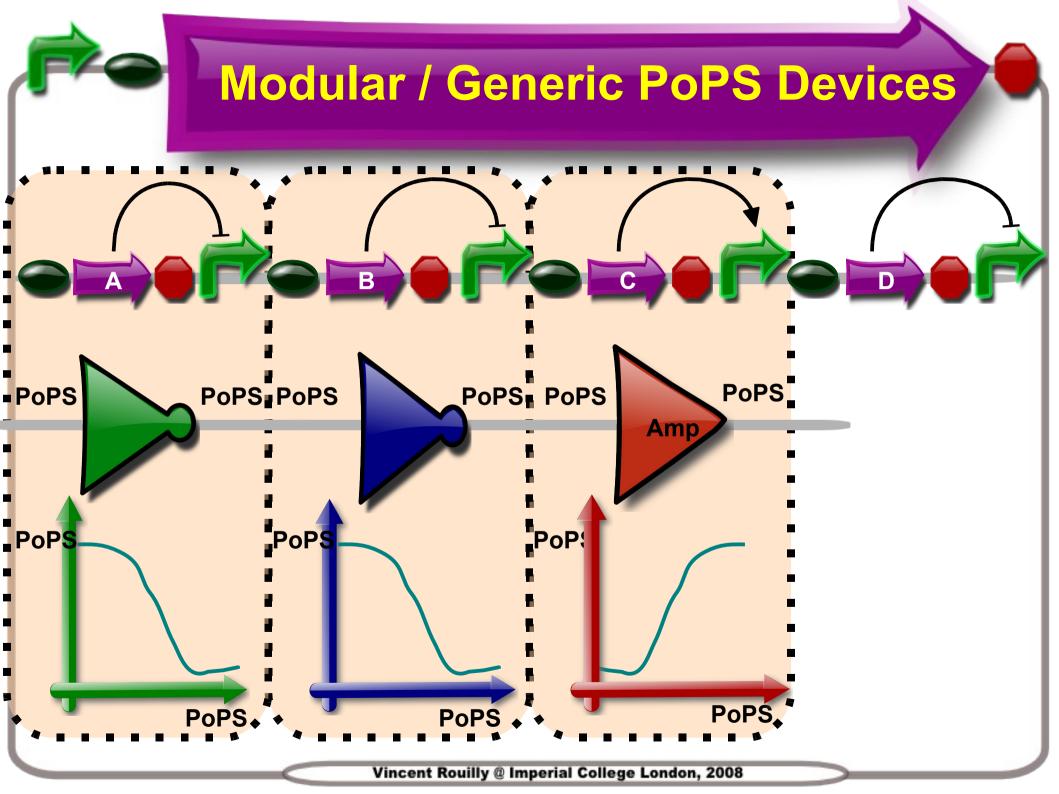


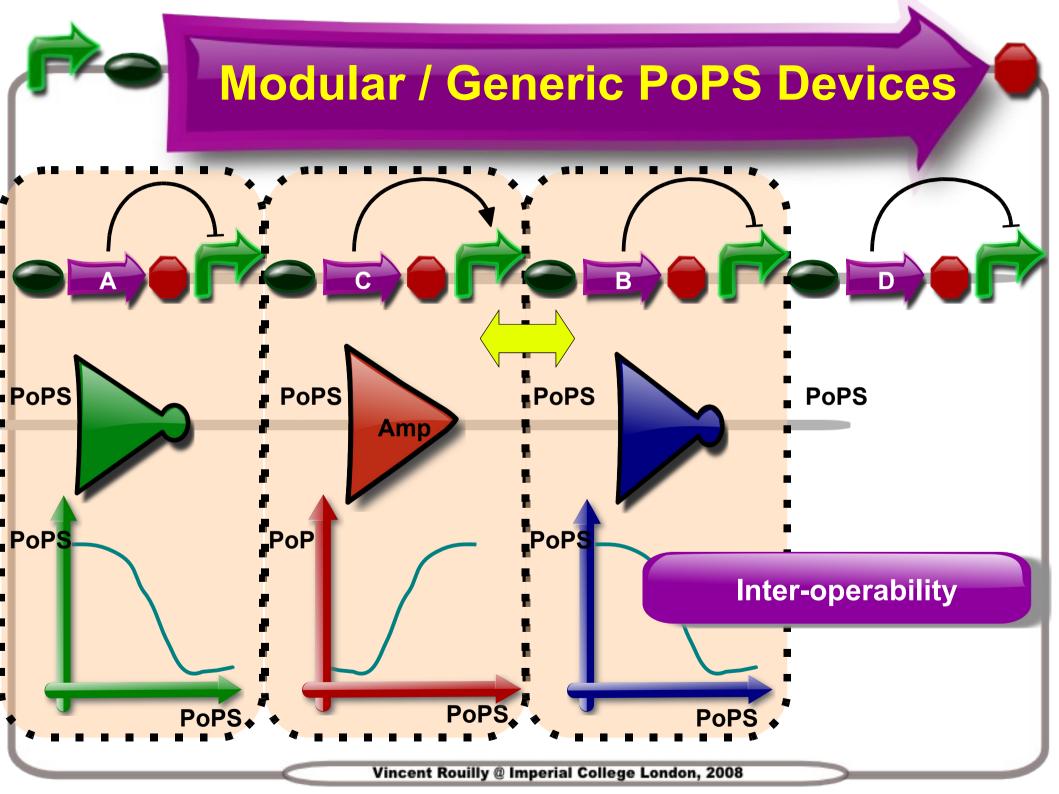


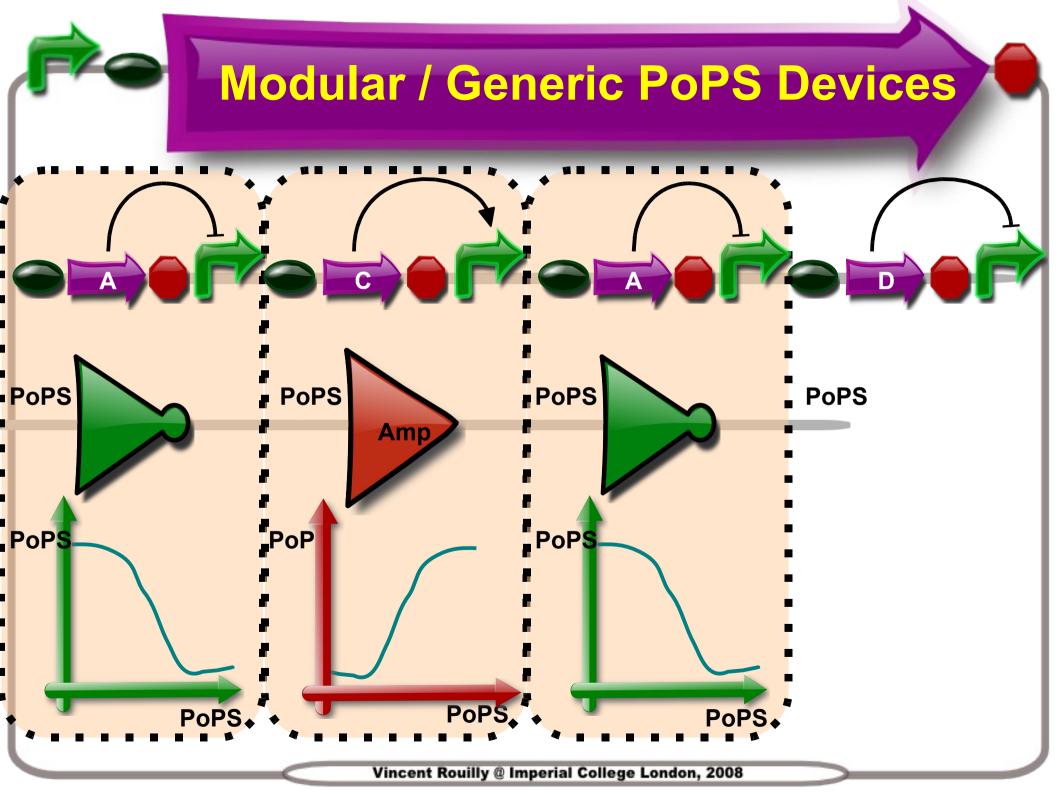


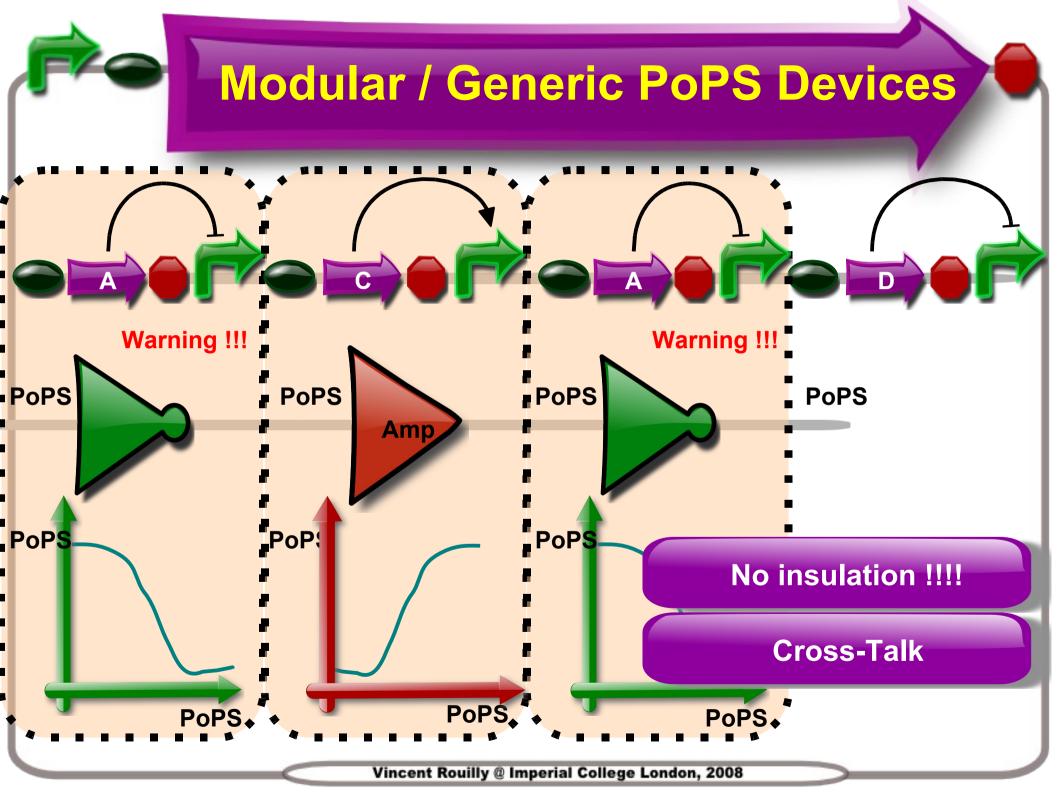














### What have we learnt so far?

RiPS and PoPS are standard signal carrier for transcriptional device

**RiPS and PoPS can promote modularity** 

**RiPS and PoPS can promote re-usability** 



#### What have we learnt so far?

RiPS and PoPS are standard signal carrier for transcriptional device

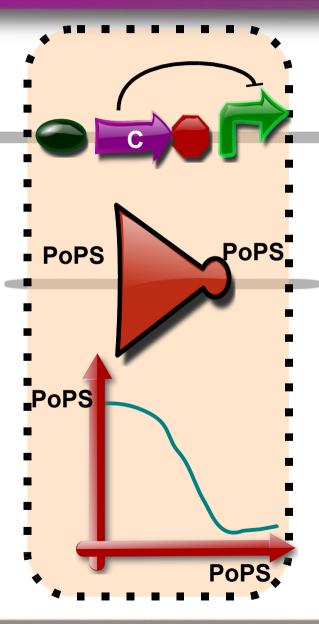
**RiPS and PoPS can promote modularity** 

RiPS and PoPS can promote re-usability

Is it enough to insure that a device will function properly?

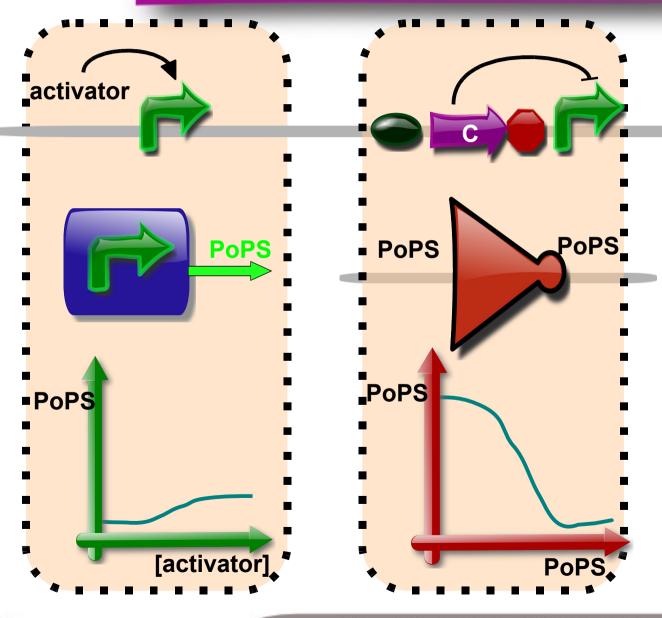


## Will it work as expected?

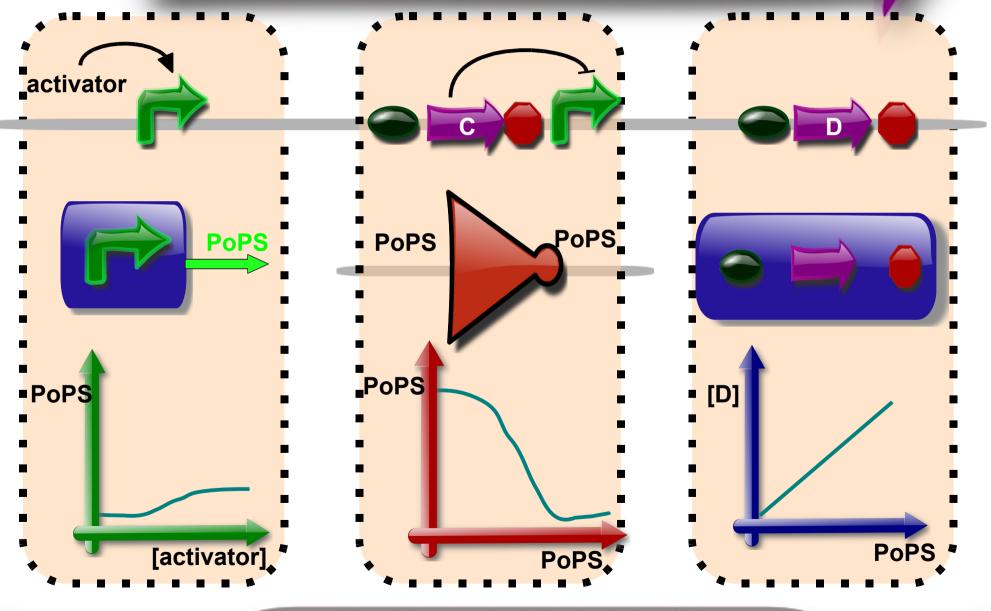


Vincent Rouilly @ Imperial College London, 2008



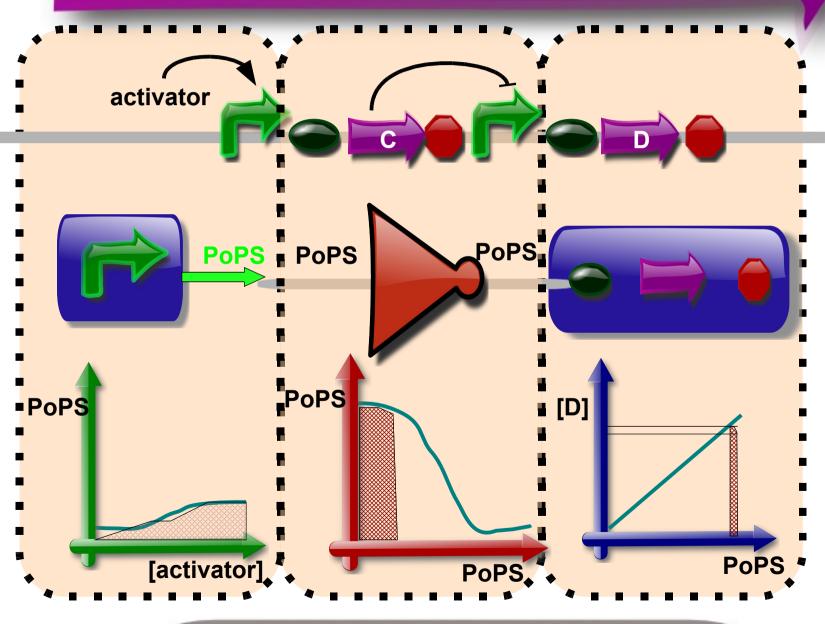






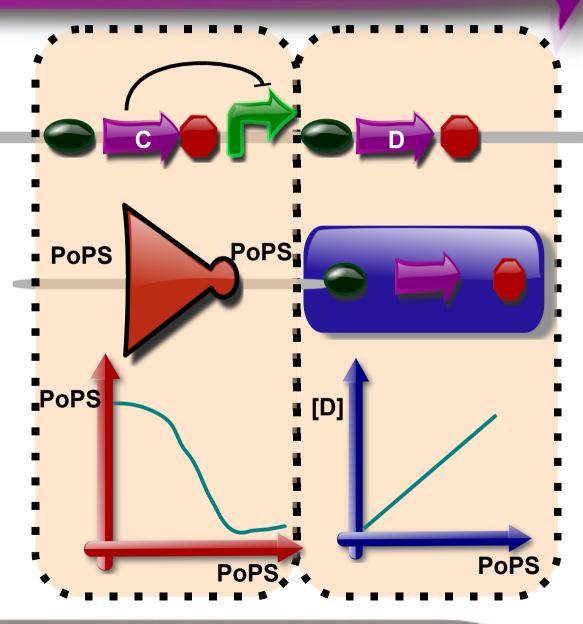
Vincent Rouilly @ Imperial College London, 2008



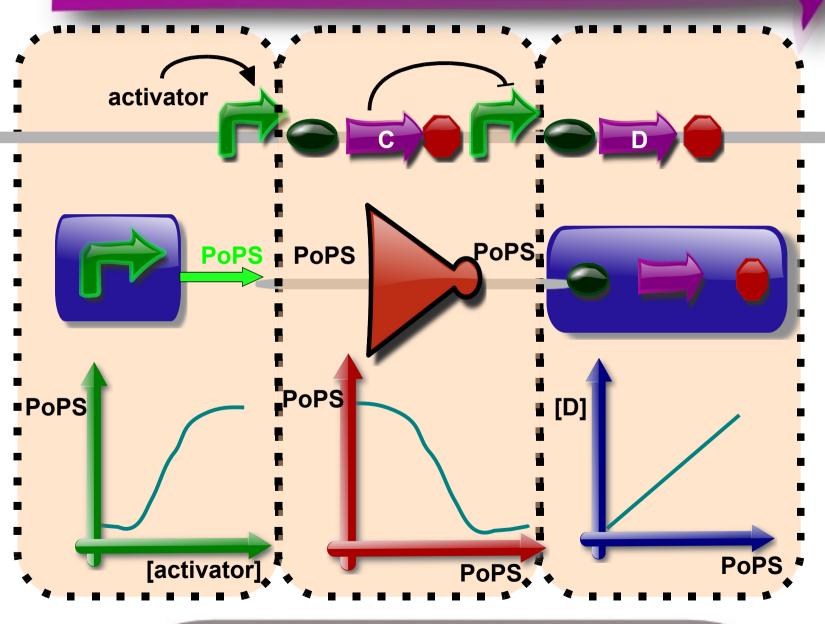




## Will it work as expected?

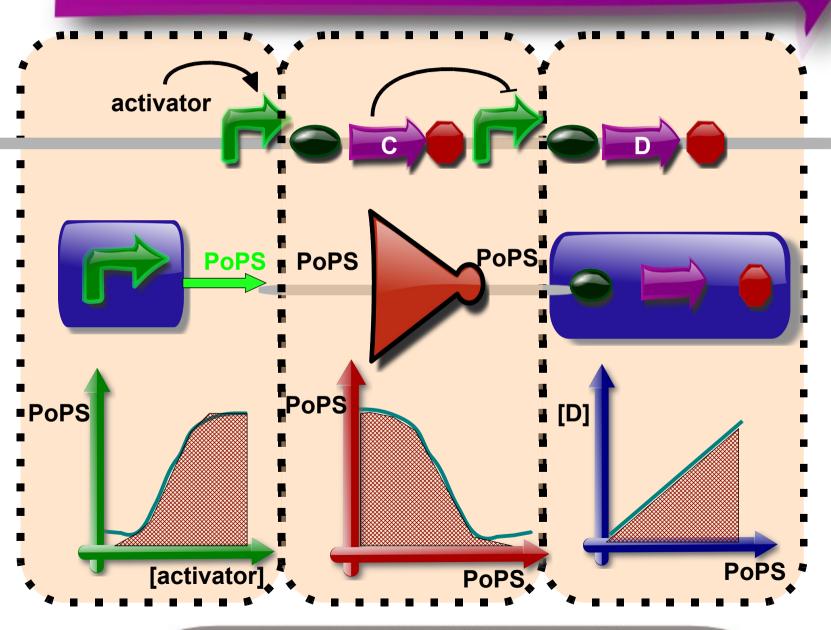






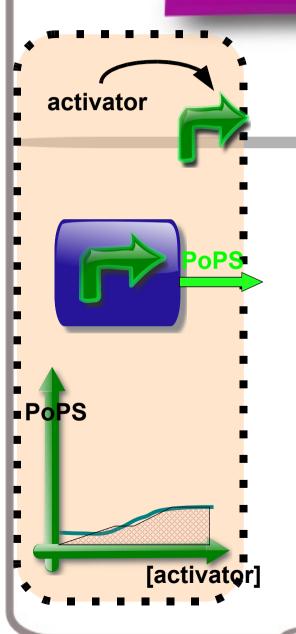


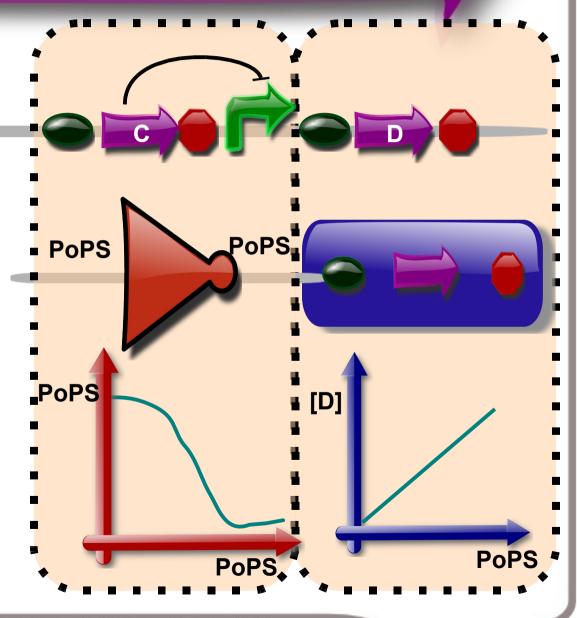
## **Design for PoPs Matching**





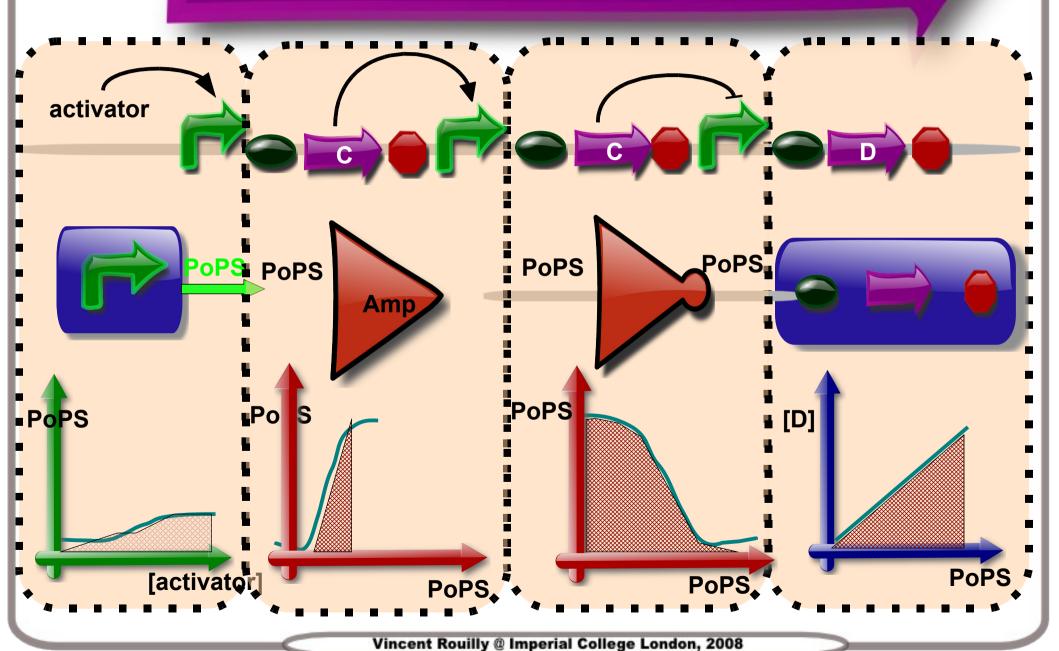
### **Design for PoPs Matching**







## **Amplification for PoPs Matching**





### What have we learnt so far?

RiPS and PoPS are standard signal carrier for transcriptional device

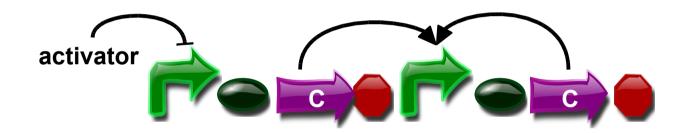
**RiPS and PoPS can promote modularity** 

RiPS and PoPS can promote re-usability

RiPS and PoPS matching between devices



# Transcriptional Device



Question 1: What does this system do?

Question 2: Extract a modular and re-usable device from this circuit.



### References



- > Drew Endy's Talks (on OWW)
- > Austin Che Presentations
- > OpenWetWare Folks
- > iGEM Competition
- > BioBricks Foundation

