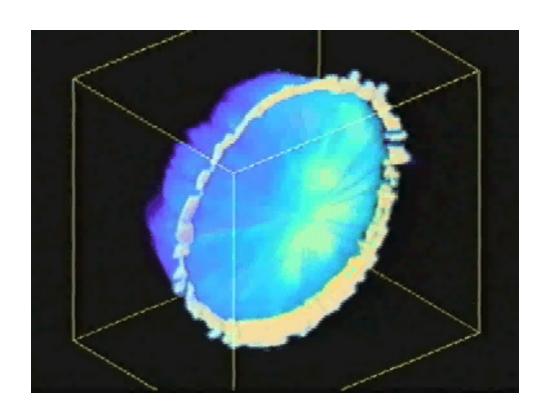
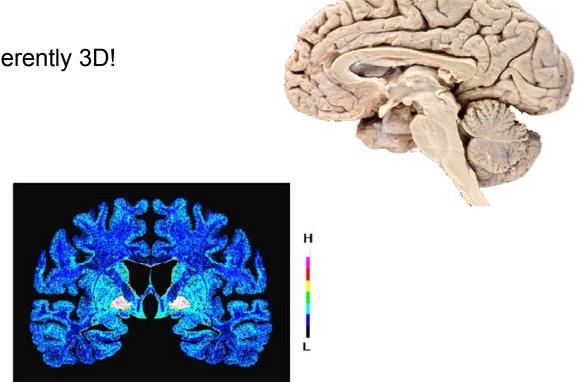
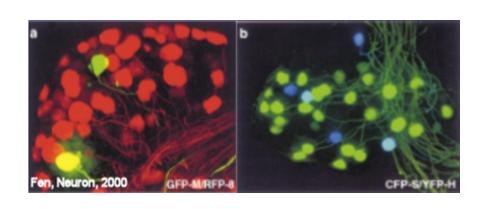
3D Microscopy: Confocal Imaging



The Need For 3D Resolved Imaging

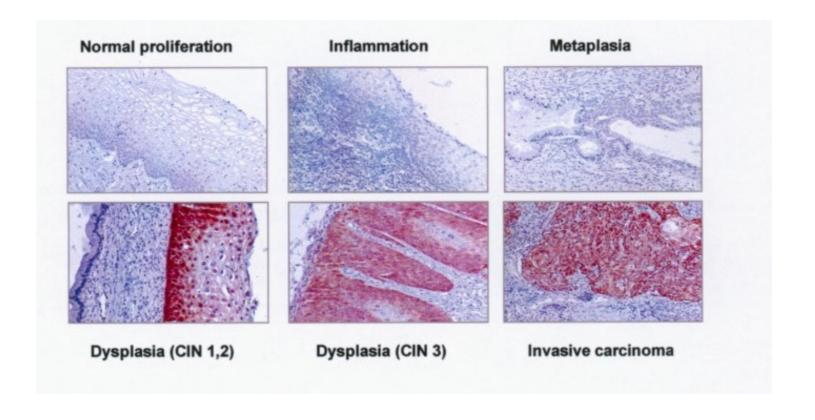
Biological systems are inherently 3D!





Biological processes also occur on multiple length scale

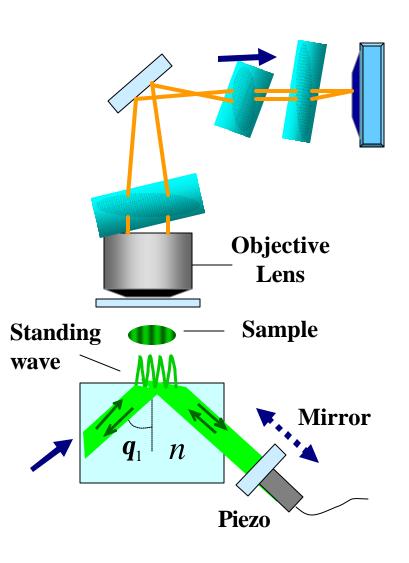
Histopathology



Solution: mechanical sectioning of specimen

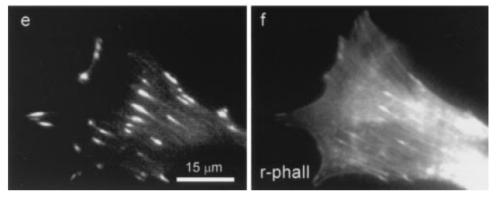
Comment: (1) Clinical standard (2) Simple technology (3) Sectioning artifacts (4) Not in vivo

Total Internal Reflection Microscopy



Solution: Evanescence wave at interfaces

Comments: (1) only basal surface structure (2) high z resolution, 50 nm



TIRF

Wide Field

Sund & Alexrod, Biophys J 2000

True 3D Microscopy

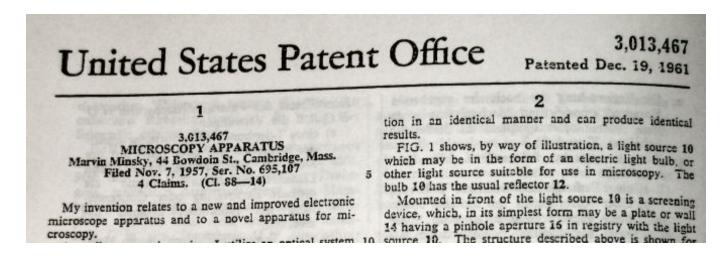
Confocal Microscopy: Minsky, US Patent, 1961

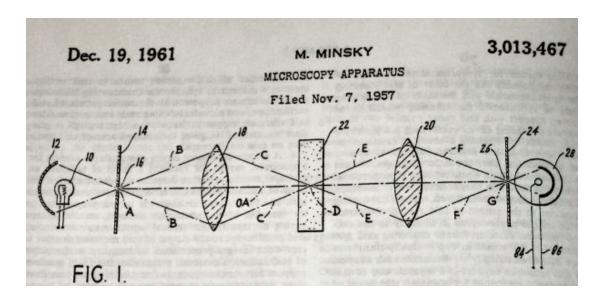
Two-Photon Microscopy: Sheppard et al., IEEE J of QE, 1977

Denk et al., Science, 1990

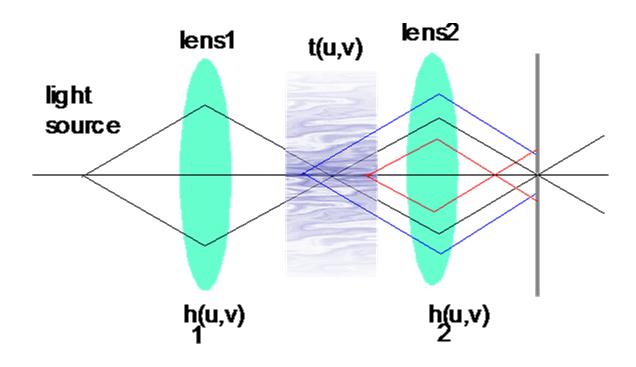
The Invention of Confocal Microscopy

Confocal microscopy is invented by Prof. Melvin Minsky of MIT in about 1950s.





Principle of Confocal Microscopy



Point Spread Function of Confocal Microscopy

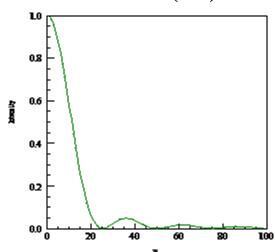
Lateral Dimension: Airy function

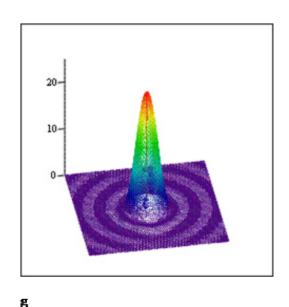
$$PSF_{confocal}(kr) \propto \left[\frac{2J_1(kr)}{kr}\right]^4$$

k is the wave number

Axial Dimension: Sinz function

$$PSF_{confocal}(kz) \propto \left[\frac{\sin(kz)}{(kz)}\right]^4$$





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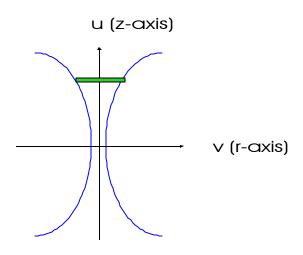
Resolution:

Lateral $\propto NA$

Axial $\propto NA^2$

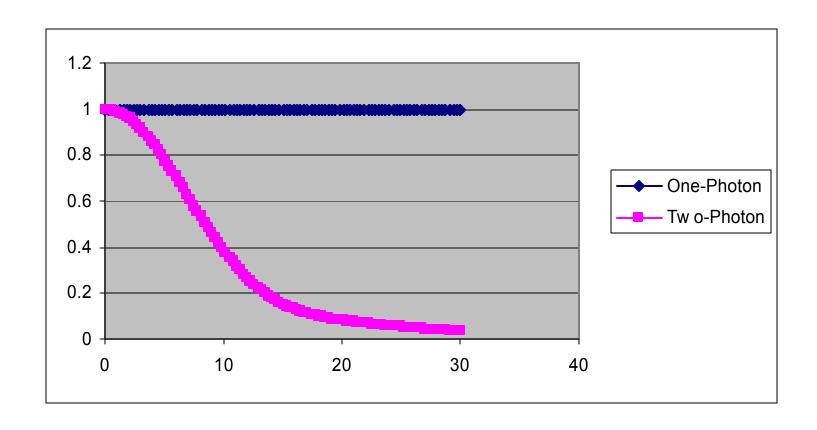
Depth discrimination

For a uniform specimen, we can ask how much fluorescence is generated at each z-section above and below the focal plane assuming that negligible amount of light is absorbed throughout.

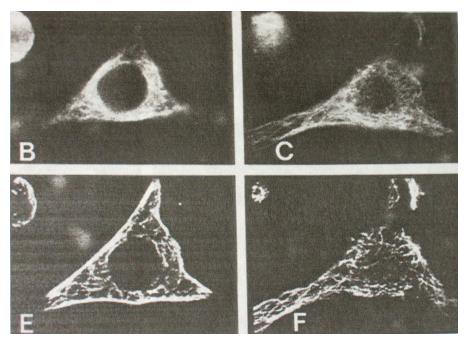


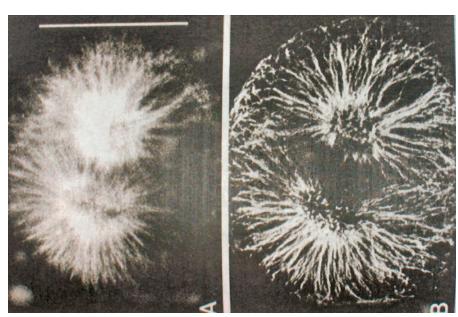
$$F_{z-\sec}(u) \equiv 2\mathbf{p} \int_{0}^{\infty} F(u,v)v dv$$

Depth discrimination

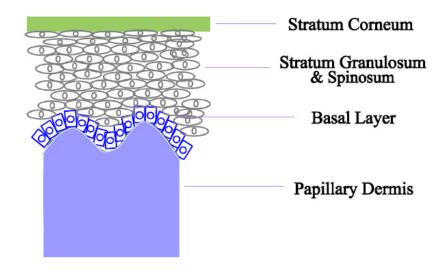


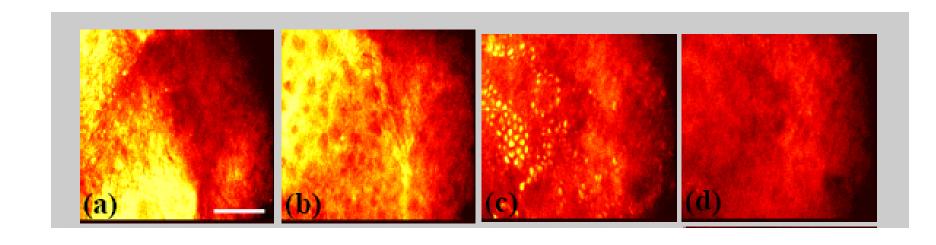
Early Demonstration of Confocal Microscopy in Biological Imaging



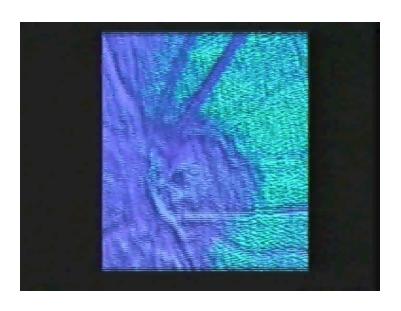


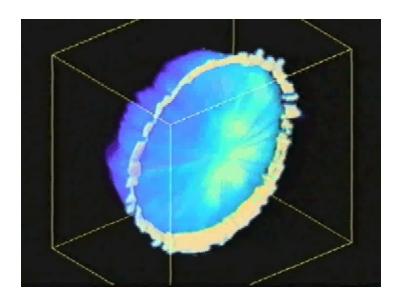
Some Recent Application of Confocal Tissue Imaging





Confocal Tissue Imaging

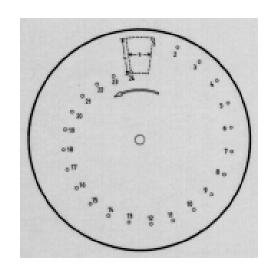




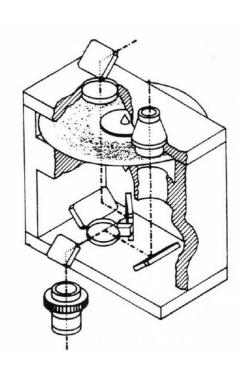


Tandem Scanning Confocal Microscope

Utilizes a Nipkow Disk



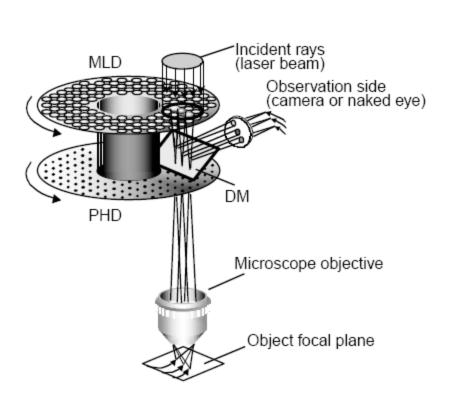
Holes organize in an Archimedes spiral



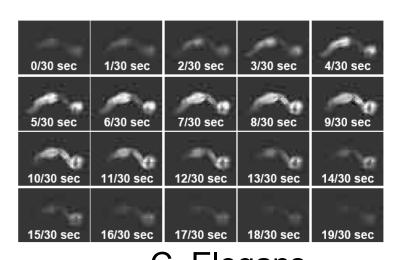
Petran's System

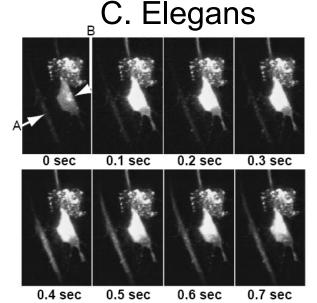


A Model Tandem Confocal Microscope Utilizing Yokogawa Scan Head



Eliminate light throughput Issue by spinning both a plate of lenslets and nother plate of pinholes





Calcium events in nerve fiber