Effects of Cyclic Hydrostatic Pressure on Chondrogenesis of Human Adipose-Derived Adult Stem Cells

Jennifer Puetzer, Allison Finger, B.S.; Susan Bernacki, Ph.D.; and Elizabeth Loboa, Ph.D.

Joint Department of Biomedical Engineering at North Carolina State University and University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill





Purpose

- Cartilage injuries
 - Limit joint movement
 - Cause joint pain
- Stem Cells show promise for treatment
 - Differentiate with chemical stimuli and CHP^{1,2}
 - Adipose stem cells have benefits over Bone Marrow
 - Procedure for harvest is less invasive than bone marrow
 - Routinely available for research from liposuctions and surgeries
 - Larger supply of cells available
 - Previous studies with chemical stimuli showed conflicting results for the chondrogenic potential of hMSCs compared to hASCs^{3,4}
- But how do stem cells react to CHP alone?

Previous Studies

- CHP has been shown to increase expression of genes associated with chondrogenesis in hMSCs in the presence of chemical stimuli^{5,6,7}
- Two previous studies performed in our lab used CHP alone to induce chondrogenesis⁸
 - Bone Marrow derived hMSCs
 - Trabecular Bone derived hMSCs
- Same experimental set up and same RT-PCR procedure
 - Initial increase in Sox9 mRNA expression suggests early chondrogenesis
 - Suggests that CHP is capable of inducing chondrogenic differentiation

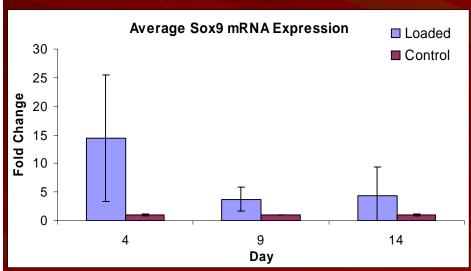


Figure 1: Average Sox9 mRNA expression for bone marrow derived hMSCs
(* indicates p<0.05)

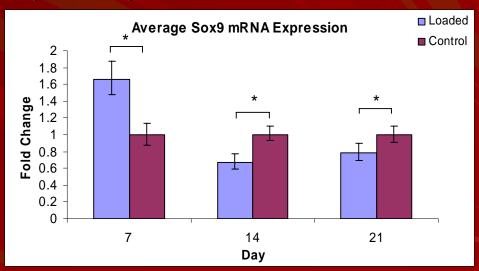


Figure 2: Average Sox9 mRNA expression for trabecular bone derived hMSCs
(* indicates p<0.05)

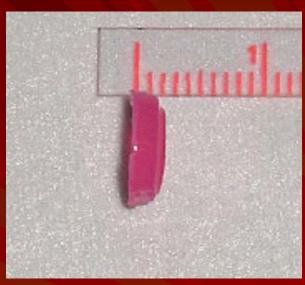
⁽⁷⁾ Miyanishi, K. et al. ORS, 2004, abstract 836 (8) Finger, A. et al. Tissue Eng. 13, 1151-1158, 2007

Hypotheses

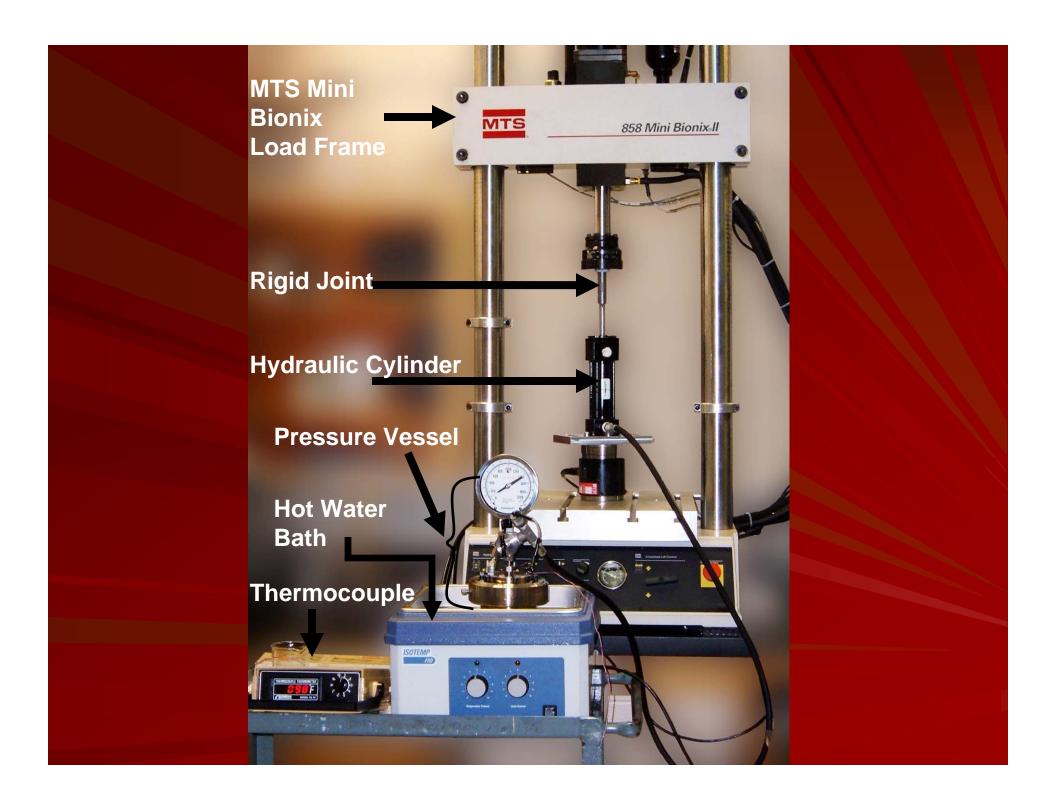
- Human ASCs would initiate chondrogenic differentiation in response to cyclic hydrostatic pressure
 - In the absence of chondrogenic media
 - Based on previous study which demonstrated hMSCs do differentiate with CHP
- Chondrogenic markers would increase with increased duration of CHP

Methods

- 2 donors
- Seeded in constructs
- Constructs put in heat sealed bags
- Run at 7.5MPa for 4 hrs/day at 1Hz powered by an MTS 858 Mini Bionix II load frame
- In a 1L oil filled Pressure Vessel







Real Time RT - PCR

- Analysis on samples from Days 0, 7, 14, and 21
- Total RNA was isolated from each construct, quantified, and reverse transcribed into cDNA
- RT-PCR performed for
 - Aggrecan
 - Sox9
 - COMP
 - Collagen II
- mRNA levels normalized to GAPDH
- Statistical analyses done with Student's t-tests with p-values less than 0.05 considered significant

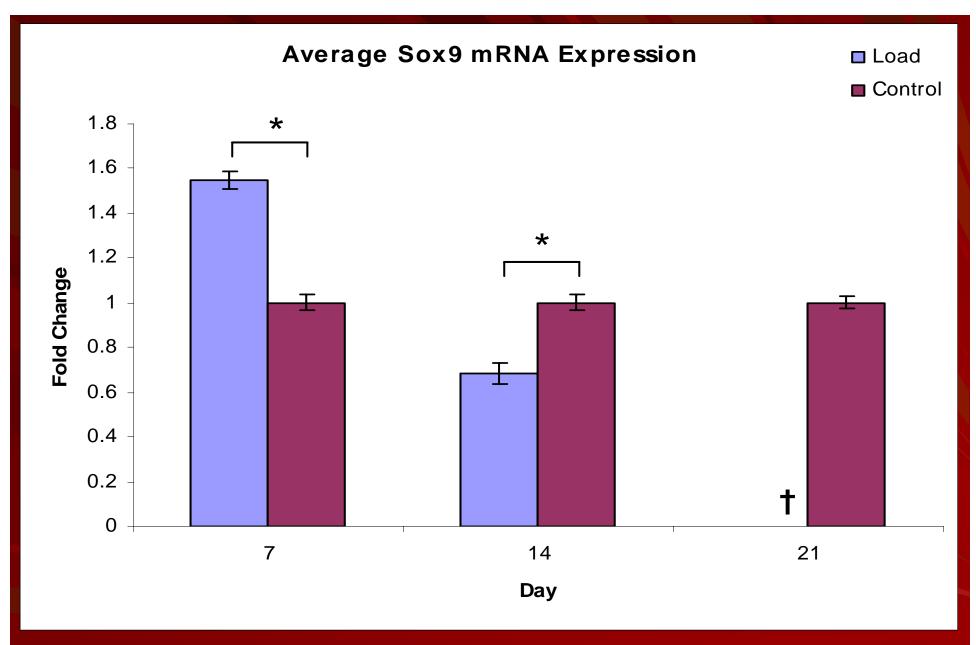


Figure 1: Average Sox9 mRNA expression (* indicates p<0.05 and † indicates no data due to low GAPDH values)

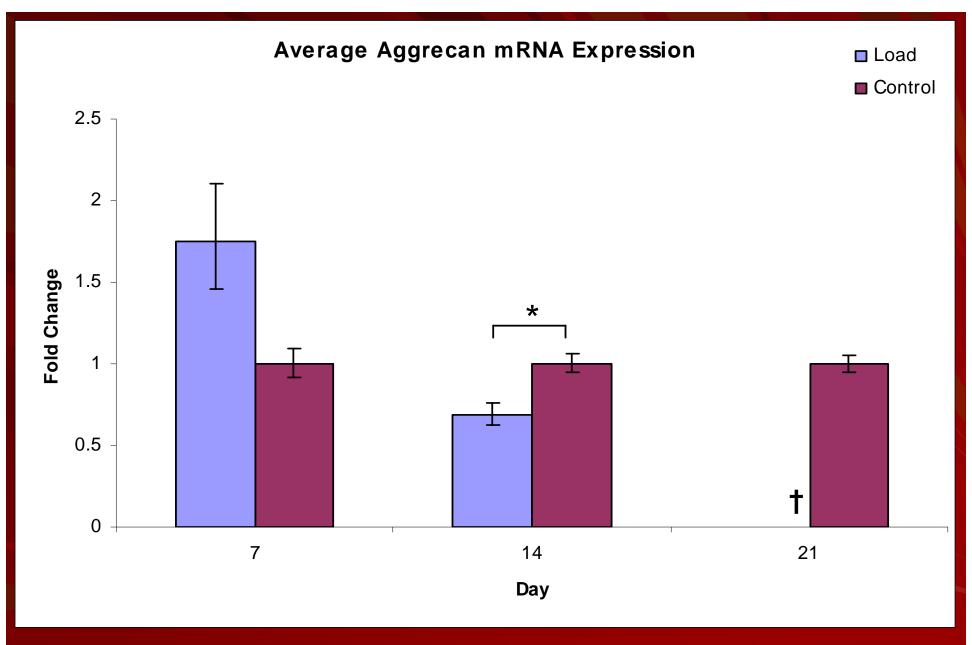


Figure 2: Average Aggrecan mRNA expression (* indicates p<0.05 and † indicates no data due to low GAPDH values)

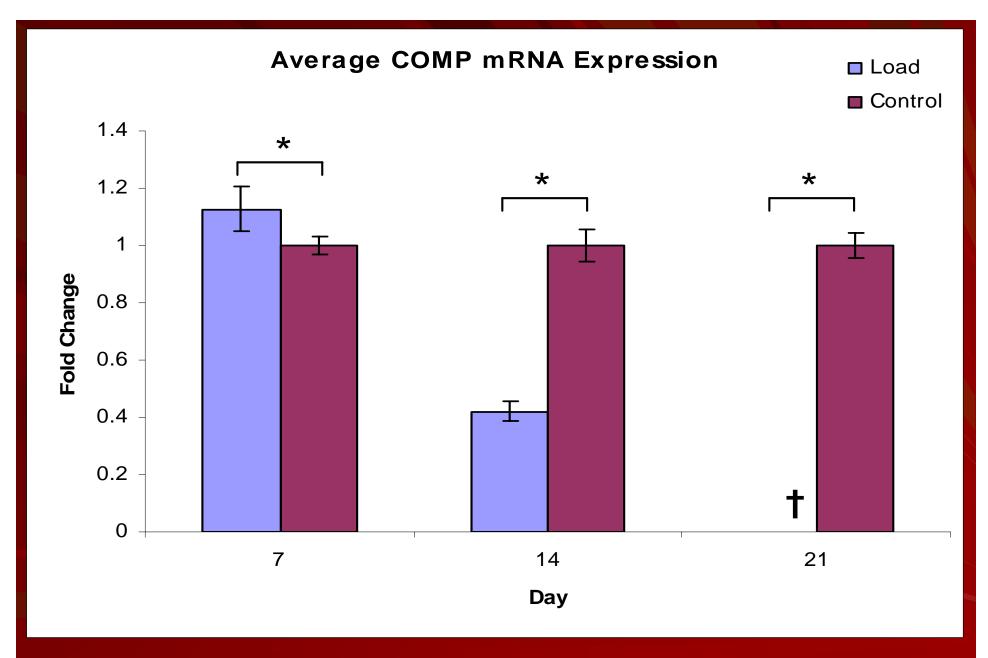


Figure 3: Average COMP mRNA expression (* indicates p<0.05 and † indicates no data due to low GAPDH values)

Conclusions

- Upregulation in day 7 of Sox9, aggrecan and COMP suggests early chondrogenesis
- Previous experiments with hMSCs demonstrated a similar upregulation in Sox9 early on suggesting CHP alone is capable of inducing chondrogenesis
- GAPDH differences in loaded and unloaded at day 21 suggest decrease in cell viability
 - Not because of deficient diffusion of growth medium
 - Cells may not be able to handle CHP
 - Agarose matrix may not be good for CHP alone^{9,10}
 - Plan to run experiment with hMSCs and hASCs together to measure their viability and investigate new matrix material

Conclusions Continued

- A larger upregulation is seen in the previous bone marrow derived hMSCs experiment at day 48
 - Mechanical loading upregulates factors faster and we may need to analyze them sooner than day 7
 - Plan to run experiments to analyze earlier time points

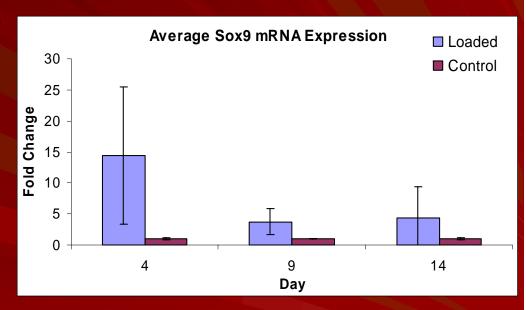


Figure 1: Average Sox9 mRNA expression for bone marrow derived hMSCs (* indicates p<0.05)

(8) Finger, A. et al. Tissue Eng. 13, 1151-1158, 2007

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